The Bombay Gazette.

No. 10,082—New Series. BOMBAY:—TUESDAY, MARCH 15, 1881.

THE BOMBAY GAZETTE.

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To Subscribers in Bombay—*Delivered free.*

In Advance.		*In Arrear.*	
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LONG ADVERTISEMENTS.

First insertion .....8 As. per Line.
Second do. .....4½ „ „
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In the Native Languages, double the above.

For Advertisements which are to be inserted for a considerable time special contracts may be made.

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Not exceeding three lines ..... Re. 1-0.
Each succeeding line ..... „ 0-8.

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No Advertisement will be inserted for less than *One Rupee*, and payment must in all cases be made in *Cash*.

BOMBAY GAZETTE OVERLAND SUMMARY.

Subscription for one Year, *Post Free in India*, Rs. 12. Postage to England, Rs. 6-8.

Price per Copy ..... As. 4

All Cheques, Money Orders, and other Remittances should be made payable to the "Proprietor of the *Bombay Gazette*."

SHIPPING.

THE BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY (Limited),

Will despatch Steamers as follows :—

FOR COAST AND CALCUTTA.

S. MALDA, 1,945 Tons, on WEDNESDAY, 16th March, 1881, at 5 p. m., calling at Ratnagherry, Vingorla, Goa, Carwar, Coompta, Mangalore, Cannanore, Tellicherry, Beypore, Cancut, Cochin, Alleppey, Tuticorin, Colombo, Galle, Negapatam, Madras, Masulipatam, Cocanada, Vizagapatam, Bimlipatam, Gopalpore, False Point, in the foregoing or any order, weather permitting.

FOR KURRACHEE AND PERSIAN GULF.

THE S. S. EUPHRATES, 803 Tons, on TUESDAY, 15th March, 1881, at 4 p.m., calling at Kurrachee, Gwadur, Muscat, Jask, Bunder Abbas, Lingah, Bushire, Fao, and Busreh, in the foregoing or any order.

FOR CUTCH, MANDAVIE AND KURRACHEE.

S. S. HUZARA, 2078 Tons, on FRIDAY, 18th March, 1881, at 10 a. m.

FOR ADEN, ZANZIBAR, MOZAMBIQUE, INHAMBANE, QUILLIMANE, DELAGOA BAY, NATAL AND THE CAPE COLONY.

THE S. S. ABYSSINIA, 1,129 Tons, on WEDNESDAY, 6th April, 1881.

FOR QUEENSLAND.

S. S. ROMA, 2,700 Tons. The coast steamer leaving Bombay on Wednesday, 30th March, will connect at Colombo with the Queensland Royal Mail Steamer Roma from England, and passengers and cargo can be booked for the following ports :—

Batavia, Thursday Island, Cooktown, Townsville, Bowen, Rockhampton, and Brisbane.

N.B.—EXPORTS.—To save shippers the trouble of clearing and shipping, shipments not exceeding five tons will be received, and Bills of Lading granted in exchange at the Offices of the undersigned.

Railway receipts for packages from up-country should be forwarded to the undersigned, who will undertake clearance and shipment.

IMPORTS.—The undersigned undertake the landing, clearing and delivery in Bombay or forwarding by rail or steamer packages by the Company's Steamers. Bills of Lading and particulars of contents and value should accompany forwarding instructions.

MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & Co.,
Elphinstone Circle, Bombay, 12th March, 1881. Agents.

STEAM COMMUNICATION with ITALY VIA SUEZ CANAL.

ITALIAN STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY of Messrs. RUBATTINO & Co., GENOA.

The Regular Steamers Leave

GENOA and BOMBAY on the 20th, *of each Month*, on the 1st

PASSENGERS' RATES FROM BOMBAY.

[Inclusive of all Transit Fees through the Suez Canal.]

	1st Class.	2nd Class.	3rd Class.
Aden	Rs. 220	Rs. 150	Rs. 40
Suez	„ 320	„ 240	„ 90
Port Said	„ 380	„ 240	„ 90
Messina	„ 500	„ 340	„ 140
Naples	„ 500	„ 340	„ 140
Leghorn	„ 500	„ 340	„ 140
Genoa	„ 500	„ 340	„ 140
Marseilles	„ 520	„ 350	„ 145

Including Wines. Without food.

Children under 3 years, free of charge; Children not above 10 years, half fares.

Passengers' heavy Baggage will be delivered in LONDON FREE of CHARGE to the extent allowed in the Hand books. All extra Luggage will be charged for at rates which can be learnt from the Agent.

Next steamers from Bombay :—

SINGAPORE, to sail on FRIDAY, 1st April, 1881.
MANILLA, to sail on SUNDAY, 1st May, 1881.

All Steamers of this Company have large First and Second Class accommodation, and always carry a Doctor and a Stewardess.

The Steamers of this Company start precisely at 12 noon. Passengers and heavy baggage are carried on board free of charges by the Company's steam launch leaving Apollo Bunder between 10 and 11 a. m.

First and Second Class Through Railway Tickets, from GENOA and NAPLES to LONDON, are issued here at rates which can be learnt from the undersigned.

Cargo for Barcelona and Odessa can be booked at through-rates.

For Hand-books of information, rates of Freight, &c., apply to

F. BOZZONI,
Agent, Rubattino S. N. Company.
Sassoon House, Elphinstone Circle.

Bombay, 1st December, 1880.

AUSTRO-HUNGARIAN LLOYDS' STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY.

STEAM TO TRIESTE CALLING AT ADEN, SUEZ, PORTSAID AND BRINDISI.

THE following large Passenger Steamers will be despatched from BOMBAY to the abovementioned Ports :—

S. S.	Captains.	Tons.	H. P.	Date of sailing.
URANO	N. Ucropina	1830	400	5th April 1881.
DAPHNE	G. Doncich	1927	400	5th May.
VORWAERTS	G. Marussig	2294	450	5th June.

These voyages will be performed at *Increased Speed*.

Rates of Passage-money (exclusive of Wines and Spirits, which can be had on board at moderate prices) as under :—

	1st Class.	2nd Class.	Deck.
To Trieste	Rs. 400	Rs. 280	Rs. 140 0
To BRINDISI	„ 400	„ 280	„ 140 0
To Cyprus (via Port Said)	„ 375	„ 295	„ 143 0
To Port Said	„ 320	„ 255	„ 131 0
To Suez	„ 300	„ 240	„ 122 0
To Aden	„ 170	„ 130	„ 66 8

Extra steamers will be despatched from Bombay to Trieste via Canal as follows :—

s. s. TEBE ....D. Lucich on or about 25th March 1881.
s. s. MEMFI ..... „ 25th April 1881.
s. s. CALIPSO B. Gelcich „ 25th May 1881.

STEAM TO HONGKONG via COLOMBO, PENANG, and SINGAPORE.

THE Co.'s S. S. VORWAERTS, Captain G. MARUSSIG, will be DESPATCHED as above on the 29th March, 1881.

No Cargo will be received on board after sunset on the day previous to sailing.

INSURANCES effected by the General Insurance Company (Limited), Marine Branch.

For further particulars, Freight, Passage, &c., &c., apply to

J. JANNI, Agent.

Sassoon House, 7, Elphinstone Circle, Bombay, March 9th, 1881.

ANCHOR LINE OF STEAMERS.

BOMBAY TO NAPLES DIRECT.

THE S. S. INDIA will sail as above on 19th March positively.

Apply to
W. & A. GRAHAM & Co., Agents.
Bombay, 26th February, 1881.

SHIPPING.

PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL COMPANY.

STEAM to SOUTHAMPTON, BRINDISI, VENICE MARSEILLES, ADEN, SUEZ, MALTA, AND GIB RALTAR.

THE following or other Steamers will be despatched as above :—

Vessels.	Tons.	H.P.	Captains.	1881.
s. ROHILLA	3461	700	W. Barrat	17th Mar.
— TEHERAN	2389	400	A. C. Loggin	24th „
s. MALWA	2936	500	W. Thompson	31st „
— SUMATRA	2488	450	R. F. Briscoe	7th Apr.
s. BRINDISI	3003	550	Geo. Lee	14th „
— SIAM	3029	600	A. H. Johnson	21st „
s. AUSTRALIA	3951	600	G. P. Cates	28th „
— GWALIOR	2733	450	J. Orman	5th May.
s. SUTLEJ	3142	530	W. E. Breeze	12th „
— CATHAY	2383	500	W. M. Robbie	19th „
s. MONGOLIA	2833	530	F. M. Edmond	26th „
— LOMBARDY	2725	450	J. B. Chapman	31st „
s. ROSETTA	3509	700	A. E. Barlow	7th June.

A Launch leaves the Company's Dock-head, Mazagon, at 3 p.m. on the day of sailing.

Passengers are booked to ADEN, SUEZ, BRINDISI, VENICE, MARSEILLES, MALTA, GIBRALTAR, and SOUTHAMPTON by every Mail. The Steamers marked (s) proceed direct to Southampton. By the others Passengers change vessels at Suez, and those for Brindisi, Venice, and Marseilles are conveyed by Rail from Suez to Alexandria.

Return Tickets are now issued at reduced rates as under, THREE MONTHS from date of departure to that of return.

	Via Brindisi both ways.	Via Brindisi one way.	Via Southampton. both ways.
First Class	Rs. 950	Rs. 1,000	Rs. 1,050
Second Class.	Rs. 500	Rs. 550	Rs. 600
SIX MONTHS.			
First Class	Rs. 1,150	Rs. 1,200	Rs. 1,250
Second Class.	Rs. 600	Rs. 650	Rs. 700

STEAM TO PENANG, STRAITS, CHINA, JAPAN, KING GEORGE'S SOUND, ADELAIDE, MELBOURNE, AND SYDNEY, CALLING AT GALLE.

Vessels.	Tons.	H.P.	Captains.	1881.
ZAMBESI	2151	370	A. Simons	25 Mar.
NIZAM	2725	450	Geo. Brady	8th Apl.
KHIVA	2609	450	T. Alderton	22nd Apl.
RAVENNA	3340	700	E. Stewart	6th May

Return Tickets are now issued	1st Class.	2nd Class
To K. George's Sound, Adelaide, Melbourne or Sydney and back (available for nine months)	Rs. 600	Rs. 375
To Galle and back (available for two months)	150	75
To Penang or Singapore and back do.	450	225

Passengers for Australia change steamers at Galle.

A Launch leaves the Company's Dock-head, at Mazagon, at 3 p. m., on the day of sailing.

F. D. PARKER,
Superintendent, P. & O. S. N. Company.
Bombay, 15th February, 1881.

HALL LINE OF STEAMERS FORTNIGHTLY BETWEEN BOMBAY AND LIVERPOOL (VIA MALTA).

THE following sailings have been arranged :—

S. S.	Captain	Tons.	H. P.	1881.
WISTOW HALL	T. Colin..	2,700	400	26th Mar
RYDAL HALL	O. Lloyd ..	2,700	400	9th Apl.
SPEKE HALL	Brand ..	2,700	400	23rd „
BRANKSOME HALL	R. Collin ..	2,100	300	7th May
CITY OF BALTIMORE	J. Verril ..	2,400	300	21st „
TRENTHAM HALL	Jas. Shaw.	2,100	300	4th June
WISTOW HALL	T. Collin..	2,700	400	18th „
RYDAL HALL	O. Lloyd ..	2,700	400	2nd July

These fast Steamers have been specially built and adapted in every way for the Bombay Trade.

Each Steamer carries a SURGEON and STEWARDESS.

For plans, hand-books of information, and any further particulars apply to

EDWARD BATES & Co., } Agents.
W. & A. GRAHAM & Co., }

Bombay, 5th January, 1880.

NOTICES.

NOTICE.

THE annual SALES by PUBLIC AUCTION of FERRY FARMS and the RIGHTS of COLLECTING ROAD-TOLLS and REMOVING SAND, EARTH and STONE from the foreshore of the Kolaba Collectorate for the twelve months, commencing 1st April, 1881, will be held before the Huzur Deputy Collector of Kolaba at Alibag on FRIDAY, the 18th of March, 1881, and the following days. For further particulars apply to the Huzur Deputy Collector, Kolaba.

J. ELPHINSTON,
Collector and President, L. F. Committee, Kolaba.
Kolaba, L. F. President's Office, Dhowte, 23rd February, 1881.

FURTHER ARRIVALS of LADIES' & CHILDREN'S HOSIERY.

BLACK LISLE THREAD, improved new fast dye; very good quality ..... Rs. 3 0 to 3 8 per pair

BLACK LISLE THREAD, improved new fast dye, with hand embroidered coloured Silk clocks; the very best quality ..... Rs. 4 8 per pair.

BLACK LISLE THREAD, improved new fast dye, with the new floral embroidery on the instep. These Stockings are the latest Novelty for *evening wear*, &c. ..... Rs. 6 8 per pair.

NAVY BLUE LISLE THREAD, fast colour, with self-colour embroidered clocks; very good quality .. Rs. 3 8 per pair.

NAVY BLUE LISLE THREAD, fast colour, with hand embroidered coloured clocks; the very best quality ..... Rs. 4 8 per pair.

FANCY LISLE THREAD, in colours, Azure, Pale Pink, or Cardinal; very best quality ..... Rs. 4 8 per pair.

LONG SPUN SILK, very rich quality, in colours; Black, Navy, Azure, Pale Pink, or Cardinal ..... Rs. 5 8 to 6 0 per pair.

LONG PURE SILK, of the very best superfine quality, in colours; Black, Navy, Azure, Pink, Cardinal, or White, embroidered in self-colour clocks. Small sizes, Rs. 10-8 and 11-0; larger sizes ..... Rs. 11 8 per pair.

REAL BALBRIGGAN, WHITY-BROWN COLOUR, with Silk clocks, good quality and wove throughout ..... Rs. 2 8 per pair.

WARM RIBBED COTTON, very soft, in colours: Black, Navy, Chocolate, and Cardinal. Fast Colours, best fashioned and wove seams. Rs. 3 0 to 3 8 per pair.

CHILDREN'S HOSIERY.

BLACK LISE THREAD, hand embroidered Silk clocks in all the new shades, very fine quality and extra super wove seams ..... Rs. 2 8 to 3 4 per pair.

NAVY BLUE BALBRIGGAN, hand embroidered silk clocks. A very serviceable stocking, with wove seams ..... Rs. 2 8 to 3 0 per pair.

WARM RIBBED COTTON, in colours: Black, Navy or Cardinal. A most durable stocking, with best wove seams ..... Rs. 2 4 to 3 4 per pair.

WARM 3/4 CASHMERE, to reach the knee, in colours, Black, Navy, or Cardinal. The very best quality ..... Rs. 2 4 to 2 12 per pair.

CHILDREN'S SOCKS.

PLAIN WARM NAVY CASHMERE, very soft and Stout ..... Rs. 1 0 to 1 10 per pair.

DITTO, with fancy embroidered clocks, 6 annas per pair extra.

TARTAN STRIPED CASHMERE, assorted stripes .. Rs. 1 0 to 1 10 per pair.

FANCY STRIPED COTTON, fine quality, in a good assortment of stripes ..... Rs. 1 0 to 1 10 per pair.

PLAIN COLOURED COTTON, in colours, Navy or Cardinal, with fancy embroidered clocks ..... Rs. 1 0 to 1 8 per pair.

PLAIN NAVY COTTON (without clocks) ..... Rs. 0 12 to 1 6 per pair.

IN ORDERING PLEASE QUOTE THE LENGTH OF FOOT.

10 PER CENT. DISCOUNT FOR CASH.

WATSON & CO.,
ESPLANADE HOTEL, BOMBAY.

THE COTTON POWDER COMPANY, Limited.

RECOMMEND to Contractors, Miners, Pit Sinkers, Quarrymen, and others their TONITE OR COTTON POWDER

As being the safest, cheapest, and strongest of all explosives. TONITE is the most efficient and economical blasting agent ever invented and is largely in demand. It does not contain any Nitro-Glycerine, and is, therefore, exempt from the dangers of exudation or of freezing and its attendant process of thawing.

JOHN FLEMING & Co.,
34, Elphinstone Circle, Agents.

ASBESTOS.

THE undersigned offer for sale

YARN PACKING 1" to 1½" diameter of pure Asbestos plaited by machinery. The best and most durable packing ever produced. Weight about 5 oz. per foot of 1" diameter.

ASBESTOS MILLBOARD 1/16" to ¼" thick of superior strength and purity.

JOHN FLEMING & Co.,
34, Elphinstone Circle.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

NOW READY.

THE MAIWAND COURT-MARTIAL.

FULL REPORT
OF THE
PROCEEDINGS
In Re
MAJOR A. PURCELL CURRIE,
WITH PLAN
OF THE
BATTLEFIELD OF MAIWAND.

Price Re. 1.

BOMBAY GAZETTE OFFICE,
RAMPART ROW.

GAIETY THEATRE.

Lessees ..... Messrs. NORVILLE and CROFTON.

TO-NIGHT, TUESDAY, 15TH MARCH,
A PRETTY PIECE OF BUSINESS,
and the successful Burlesque,
CONRAD THE CORSAIR.

WEDNESDAY :
THE LATE LORD LYTTON'S DRAMA,
THE LADY OF LYONS.

PRICES OF ADMISSION.

Private Box to hold eight	Rs. 32
Do. do. four	„ 16
Orchestra Stalls	„ 4
Pit Stalls	„ 2
Back Seats	Annas 8

The PLAN of the HOUSE may be seen, and SEATS secured, at Messrs. SCUNDY & Co.'s from 10 A. M. till 6 P. M. daily.

Doors open at 8-30. The performance will begin at 9 p.m. punctually.

ANGLO-INDIAN AND GENERAL AGENCY

28, APOLLO STREET, BOMBAY,
9, EZRA STREET, CALCUTTA,
AND
27, LEADENHALL STREET, LONDON, E. C.
With Agents in Liverpool, Southampton, and Portsmouth.

PASSENGER DEPARTMENT.

PASSAGES booked (free of charge) by first-class Steamers and Sailing Vessels for all ports at reduced fares. Baggage, Kit, &c., Warehoused or shipped. Packages, Cases, Parcels, &c., of any size or shape forwarded at lowest rates of freight. Sovereigns supplied and Remittances effected at favourable rates of Exchange. Passengers met on boardship in India and England and every information and assistance afforded them. Telegrams receive immediate attention.

WM. WATSON & Co.

ANGLO-INDIAN AND GENERAL AGENCY,

ESTABLISHED 1867,
28, Apollo Street, Bombay; 9, Ezra Street, Calcutta; and 27, Leadenhall Street, London.
(With Agents in Liverpool, Southampton, and Portsmouth.)

PARCELS and CASES of any size or shape sent to England or elsewhere.

PARCELS taken by weight as under to Port of Landing in England :—

Not exceeding 3 lbs. at As. 7 per lb.			
Over 3 lbs. and	„	6 lbs. at	„ 6 „
„ 6 „	„	12 lbs. at	„ 5 „
„ 12 „		at	„ 4 „

To any part of England, so as to deliver free at address—a small additional charge will be made.

CASES taken by measurement (irrespective of weight) to port of landing in England at Re. 1-8 per cubic foot, all shipping charges included.

Shipments of 1 ton and upwards at cargo rates.

PREPAYMENT of charge is OPTIONAL.

No charge for BOOKING.

INSURANCE effected at moderate rates.

PASSAGES booked free of charge at reduced fares, and baggage shipped or landed, and warehoused.

The LONDON OFFICE conducts their business on similarly moderate terms.

Every information and assistance afforded on application, personally or by letter.

WM. WATSON & Co.

THE PATENT CONDIMENTAIRE, "THE BRIGHTON,"

A new Muffineer of novel design to take Mustard, Pepper, and Salt.

Suitable for the Breakfast Table or Tiffin Basket, being compact, neat and clean.

Plain Electro-plate Rs. 13-8 cash, Rs. 15 credit.
Engraved do. „ 16-0 „ „ 18 „

TREACHER & COMPANY, Ld.,
BOMBAY, BYCULLA, AND POONA.

TREACHER & COMPANY, Ld.

PHOTOGRAPH FRAMES

For Cartes-de-Visite, of Russia or Morocco Leather,
Plain or mounted in Nickel.
Single, from Re. 0-10 to Rs. 8-0.
Double „ „ 4-8 „ 13-8.
Oxford Shape, in Wood,
From Re. 1-8 to Rs. 2-8.
Ormula and Algerian Marble,
In numerous and pretty designs,
From Rs. 5-0 to Rs. 50-0.
FOR CABINET SIZE PHOTOS.
Russia and Morocco Leather,
From Rs. 3-0 to Rs. 40-0.
Plush, Velvet, and Leather,
From Rs. 4-0 to Rs. 20-0.
Oxford Shape, in Wood,
From Rs. 2-4 to Rs. 4-0.
Ormolu, Algerian Marble, and Oxydised Metal,
From Rs. 6-0 to Rs. 50-0.
PROMENADE PHOTOGRAPH FRAMES,
Adapted to take the new Promenade shaped Photograph, 10 × 6 in.
In Plush, Velvet, or Leather,
From Rs. 5-0 to Rs. 20.
PHOTOGRAPHIC PORTRAIT CASES.
In fancy Morocco and other Leathers, for the Pocket.

To hold from 1 to 6 Cartes-de-Visite	Rs. 4	0 to Rs. 16	0
Do. 2 to 10 Cabinet Photos	„ 5	0 to „ 18	0

TREACHER & COMPANY, Ld.,
BOMBAY, BYCULLA, & POONA.

TREACHER & COMPANY, Ld.

OZO

A MOST Agreeable and Elegant Beverage prepared on the truest Scientific principles, and containing the essential elements of Animal organization.

It is a drink eminently suitable for India, and is a Dissipator of Mental and Nervous Affections and a Renewer of Physical Power.

Being a very pleasant and grateful Beverage, it forms a delicious draught at any time of the day, and its Restoring and Refreshing action is at once apparent; the Worn Civilian, the Tired Soldier, the Fatigued Sportsman, and the Harassed Man of Business will alike derive advantage from its use on account of its Nourishing Properties and Nervine Tonic character.

Cash Price per Doz., Rs. 3.

INVENTORS AND SOLE PROPRIETORS,
TREACHER and COMPANY, Ld.,
MANUFACTURERS OF
AERATED BEVERAGES,
BOMBAY, BYCULLA AND POONA.

TREACHER & COMPANY, LIMITED.

AERATED WATERS.

TREACHER'S GINGER ALE.	From pure Jamaica Ginger.
TREACHER'S GINGER ALE.	Wholesome, refreshing and comforting.
TREACHER'S GINGER ALE.	Pleasingly pungent.
TREACHER'S OZO.	A Beverage containing Phosphates.
TREACHER'S OZO.	A delightful Tonic.
TREACHER'S OZO.	Restorative and Invigorating.
TREACHER'S SODA WATER.	Absolutely free from impurity.
TREACHER'S SODA WATER.	Highly charged with Carbonic Acid Gas.
TREACHER'S SODA WATER.	Contains a definite proportion of Soda.
TREACHER'S LEMONADE.	Of unequalled delicacy.
TREACHER'S LEMONADE.	True fruity flavor.
TREACHER'S LEMONADE.	Refreshing and agreeable.
TREACHER'S TONIC WATER.	A valuable restorative.
TREACHER'S TONIC WATER.	A pure Quinine bitter.
TREACHER'S TONIC WATER.	Of agreeable delicate flavor.
TREACHER'S POTASH WATER.	Prepared with great exactitude.
TREACHER'S POTASH WATER.	Recommended as a change from Sodawater.
TREACHER'S POTASH WATER.	Best Aerated Water for Whisky.

TREACHER & COMPANY, LD., AERATED WATER MANUFACTURERS,

BOMBAY, BYCULLA, AND POONA.

IRON-FRAMED PIANOS FOR INDIA.

SOUNDY & CO., BOMBAY, would call the attention of intending purchasers of Pianos to their extensive and varied stock, the largest in India. S. & Co. are appointed Agents for—

ERNST KAPS, Dresden.
E. KRAUSS, Stuttgart.
F. MAACK, Hamburg.
GERHARD ADAMS, Wesel.
ERNST ROENISCH, Dresden.
SMITH ORGAN Co., Boston.

NEW AND SECOND-HAND PIANOS

by other well-known makers.

THE INDIAN PIANETTE, AT RS. 450,

with entire iron frame, and double check action, which is unequalled for tone, touch, and strain-resisting qualities.

CATALOGUES FREE ON APPLICATION.

SOUNDY & CO., BOMBAY.

JEWELLERS AND SILVERSMITHS, WATCH AND CLOCKMAKERS, &c.

CARLTON WHISKY.

THE CARLTON WHISKIES, same as supplied to the Carlton and other London Clubs.

These Grand Old Whiskies are shipped only by RICHARD MATHEWS and Company, of London and Inverness, who are sole possessors of the Brand "Carlton."

SOLE AGENTS FOR INDIA,

CUTLER, PALMER AND CO.

Cash.		Credit	
32	0	33	0 11 years.
28	0	29	0 5 years.

Extract of Letter from Secretary of the Carlton Club :—"The consumption of this Spirit in the Club has greatly increased since it has been supplied by your firm. There can be no doubt whatever about the Whisky being most excellent."

CAUTION.—It has come to the knowledge of the shippers of the "CARLTON" WHISKIES that the *empty bottles* have been dishonestly *refilled* with the *poisonous trash* very often *sold* in *India under the name* of *Whisky*, this is therefore to *caution* consumers to carefully examine the *Capsules* and *Corks* to see they have not been *tampered with*; also that the Corks, Capsules, and Labels are *branded* with *Trade Mark*. *Legal proceedings* will be taken against persons *infringing* the *rights* of the *Shippers*.

ICE ! ICE !! ICE !!!

TO REGIMENTAL MESSES, CLUBS, HOSPITALS, HOTELS, &c.

CARRE'S IMPROVED ICE-MACHINE,

WITH THE NEW CONGELATOR FOR PRODUCING BLOCK ICE TO BE HAD ONLY FROM

S. ROSE & CO., BOMBAY.

ICE IN FOUR MINUTES.

CARRE'S PNEUMATIC ICE-MACHINE.

WITH DISTRIBUTOR AND CONGELATOR ATTACHED.

The only machine suitable for Domestic use; Cheap, Cleanly, and easy to work; always ready for use, and never gets out of order.

Full particulars of the NEW CONGELATOR can be had on application to S. Rose & Co.

Personal inspection of the new apparatus and its accessories is requested, and full practical instructions for using the Machine will be given to the agents or to the servants of purchasers.

The mode of producing Ice is by means of a Pneumatic Machine; the air in the Decanter or Vase is exhausted by the action of the air-pump, and the moisture arising from rapid evaporation, absorbed by the Sulphuric Acid contained in the Cylinder B, and intense cold in the Decanter or Vase, is the result of reducing the water to Ice.

For use in Up-country Stations, Messes, Hotels, Hospitals, and on board Ship, these Machines will be found invaluable; and their portability renders them most serviceable for Camp use. Within fifteen minutes the Machine can be fitted together charged with acid, and the water at 85 deg. Fahrenheit can be reduced to freezing point.

An Illustrated Pamphlet, containing full directions for use, accompanies each Machine.

Apparatus for operating on one DECANTER or VASE with NEW CONGELATOR and ACCESSORIES, Complete. Net Cash Rs. 190.

Ditto, ditto, on Two DECANTERS or VASES with NEW CONGELATOR and ACCESSORIES, complete. Net Cash, Rs. 275.

Messes, Clubs, Traders, &c., supplied at wholesale rates.

Sulphuric Acid, Oils, Wax, India-rubber Rings, Thermometers, Leather Washers, and all the necessary fittings kept in stock.

The above Machines can be seen in working order on the premises of S. Rose & Co., Bombay.

ELEVATOR.

For securely fixing the Bottle Cooler and Vases on to the top of Ice Machine. Each Rs. 20.

The "Elevator" and "Bottle Cooler" are extras, and are not included in the price of the Machine.

SPECIAL NOTICE.

BOTTLE COOLER.

S. ROSF & Co.'s Apparatus for cooling Wines or Beer with the aid of the Pneumatic Ice Machine, and without contact of the Ice with the Wines, is an entirely new adaptation. Each Rs. 16.

CARRE'S IMPROVED (NEW MODE) AMONIACAL ICE MACHINES FOR MAKING SOLID ICE.

THE NEWLY IMPROVED ICE-MAKING MACHINE.

The Patentees have introduced such improvements in the solidity of the Apparatus, that it may now be pronounced perfect in every respect. The Boiler is now made in solid Galvanised Iron, and for all practical purposes is indestructible.

The only expense incurred in each operation is about half an anna for fuel, wood charcoal being preferable to anything. The time occupied in producing four pounds of Ice is from four to four and a half hours.

Small size to make about 2 lbs. of Ice at each operation, including furnace, thermometer, &c.,	Rs. 175	0
Large size to make about 4 lbs. of Ice at one operation	„ 200	0

N.B.—Full Instructions are given with each Apparatus. Packing in two cases extra.

ICE BOXES AND REFRIGERATORS.

Fitted with 3 shelves and Water Cistern. Galvanised Iron Bucket for waste, with Tap	Rs. 140	0
THE ARCTIC REFRIGERATOR. Fitted with 4 shelves, and stone-ware lining	„ 100	0
RAILWAY ICE BOX, specially constructed for Railway Travelling	Rs. 20 to 25	0

FULL PARTICULARS ON APPLICATION TO

S. ROSE & CO., 9, RAMPART ROW, BOMBAY.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

APOLLO GARDENS.

FOR A SHORT SEASON OF SIX NIGHTS ONLY, COMMENCING
THURSDAY, 17TH MARCH.

MISS CLARA STANLEY'S
OPERA BOUFFE COMPANY
IN SCENES FROM FAVOURITE OPERAS.

ON THIS OCCASION
MISS BERTHA HOCTOR,
The young and accomplished FLAUTIST,
WILL MAKE HER FIRST APPEARANCE.

PROGRAMME.
PART I.
BEN ALLAH
in various feats of Magic.

INTERMISSION OF FIFTEEN MINUTES.

PART II.
Flute Solo ..... Kathcleen Mavourneen ..... J. Clinton.
Miss BERTHA HOCTOR.
Song and Dance. I hope I don't Intrude.....
Mr. J. ROLLINGS.
Duet..... The Princess of Trebizonde..(in character).
Miss CLARA STANLEY and Miss BERTHA HOCTOR.

INTERMISSION OF TWENTY MINUTES.

TO CONCLUDE WITH FAVOURITE SCENES FROM LECOCQ'S SPARKLING OPERA,
GIROFLE GIROFLA.
Miss CLARA STANLEY as GIROFLE GIROFLA.

ADMISSION Re. 1.
CHANGE OF PROGRAMME EVERY EVENING.

TENDERS are invited for the CONSTRUCTION of a SPINNING and WEAVING MILL on Arthur-road near Mahauxmi station. The plans can be inspected and all particulars obtained on application at the Architect's office.

Sealed tenders to be sent in to the undersigned not later than 12 o'clock noon of MONDAY, the 21st instant.

The undersigned does not bind himself to accept the lowest or any tender.

DAVID GOSTLING, F. R. I., B. A., Architect.
Bombay, 26, Apollo Street, March 14, 1881.

NOTICE.

TENDERS are invited up to noon of the 22nd instant, for the CONVEYANCE to ENGLAND of 392 EUROPEAN TROOPS. The whole to be conveyed in one vessel.

Tenders should specify rate per head inclusive of Provisions (scale to be learnt from the Executive Commissariat Officer at the Presidency), Fittings, Mess-kit, &c.

Further particulars can be obtained from the undersigned.

G. OB. CAREW, Resident Transport Officer.
I. G. Dockyard, Bombay, 14th March, 1881.

NOTICE.

SEALED TENDERS will be received by the undersigned up to 1 p.m. of the 25th March, 1881, for Professional Auctioneers willing to sell GOVERNMENT STORES by PUBLIC AUCTION during the period of one year from 1st April, 1881, to 31st March, 1882.

No tender will be received or attended to unless accompanied by a cash deposit of Rupees (100) one hundred only.

No reasons will be assigned for the rejection of the lowest or any tender.

The form of agreement which the successful Tenderer or Tenderers will have to execute, may be seen on application at the Executive Commissariat Office.

E. S. WALCOTT, Major,
Executive Commissariat Officer, Presidency.
Executive Commissariat Office, Bombay, 28th Feb., 1881.

GREAT INDIAN PENINSULA RAILWAY COMPANY.

BENTEAK LOG TIMBER.

THE Agent is prepared to receive, at his Office, Elphinstone Circle, up to 1 p.m. (gun-fire), on WEDNESDAY, the 30th instant, TENDERS for the SUPPLY of 500 tons of best quality Calicut BENTEAK TIMBER in logs, not less than 9 inches diameter. To be well seasoned, sound, free from sap and other defects, and subject to the approval of the Company's Inspector. Delivery to be made at the rate of 200 tons per mensem from date of acceptance of Tender.

Tenders to be sealed and "endorsed," and to specify the rate per ton of 50 cubic feet, delivered at the Company's Loco. Depot, Parel.

No notice will be taken of any tender unless accompanied by a deposit of Rs. 500 as a guarantee of good faith.

The Agent does not bind himself to accept the lowest or any Tender.

ALFRED KING, Storekeeper.
Storekeeper's Office, Byculla, 14th March, 1881.

FOR SALE

THE "WATERFALL ESTATE," situated at Kulhutty on the Seegor Ghaut, 8 miles from Ootacamund by cart road, having an elevation of 5,000 feet. The property comprises a well built and commodious Bungalow, and 25 acres planted up with Coffee, ten acres in 1877 and fifteen in 1878. Crop up to date 7 tons. Estimated crop for current year 8 tons.

An Estate at Seegor, 5 miles distant from above, on same cart road, comprising 25 acres of Coffee planted in 1878-79 and 1880. Supposed area about 300 acres. Elevation nearly 3,000 feet. Manure abundant, river water for irrigation unlimited.

A neighbouring Estate under same conditions of abundant manure and water, has yielded over 15 hundredweight of Coffee per acre for many years. There are several large plots especially suited for grain crops for brewing purposes.

The above two Estates have been worked together, the Proprietor residing at Kulhutty.

An Estate of 35 acres situated in Ootacamund, half planted with Cinchona, Tea and Guava, has very large nurseries of Cinchona seedlings.

No reasonable offer for any or all of these Estates will be refused as the Proprietor is desirous of proceeding at once to Scotland.

For particulars, apply to
F. ROWLANDSON,

NOW READY.

THE MAIWAND COURT-MARTIAL.

FULL REPORT OF THE PROCEEDINGS

In Re

MAJOR A. PURCELL CURRIE,

WITH PLAN OF THE

BATTLEFIELD OF MAIWAND.

Price Re. 1.

BOMBAY GAZETTE OFFICE, RAMPART-ROW.

COMMERCIAL INTELLIGENCE

MONDAY EVENING, MARCH 14.

MARKETS closed for the Holee holidays.

SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

THE steamer Fylgia, 963 tons, Captain J. Kemp, sailed yesterday for Kurrachee in ballast.

THE barque Robert Jones, 287 tons, Captain J. Rowlands, arrived in harbour yesterday from Chittagong (5th Feb.) with a cargo of 5,491 bags rice.

THE steamer Ashbrook, 954 tons, Captain G. Simpson, arrived in harbour on the 12th instant from Jeddah (22nd Feb.) with 28 deck passengers.

THE steamer Arrow, 130 tons, Captain G. J. Baker, arrived in harbour on the 13th instant from Coast and Goa with a general cargo and 245 deck passengers.

THE steamer Mangerton, 1,317 tons, Captain J. Clark, arrived in harbour on the 13th instant from Calcutta (27th Feb.) with a general cargo and three deck passengers.

THE steamer Albula, 1,221 tons, Captain A. Clark, arrived in harbour on the 13th instant from Shields (3rd Jan.) with a cargo of 2,300 tons coals. The vessel is consigned to the captain.

THE B. I. S. N. Co.'s steamer Hazara, 1,578 tons, Captain O. R. Mitchell, arrived in harbour on the 13th instant from Dwarka (11th March) with the Prime Minister of Nepal, and 384 followers.

THE steamer S. W. Kelly, 1,721 tons, Captain W. Robson, arrived in harbour yesterday from Mauritius (26th Feb.) with a cargo of 17,156 bags sugar, and 17 deck passengers. The vessel is consigned to Hajee Jukeria Hajee Ahmed.

THE steamer Ooran, 162 tons, Captain C. J. Ringheim, arrived in harbour on the 12th instant from Goa and Cutch with a cargo of cotton and the following passengers:—Major Rowlandson, Mr. Abdoolabhoy Lalljee, Mr. Peerbhoy Manjee, Mr. Soojabhoy Nathoo, two native ladies, and 207 deck.

ARRIVALS.

Mar.	Vessel.	Commander.	From.
12	Oorun (s)	Ringheim	Mandvie, March 10.
	Ashbrook (s)	Simpson	Jeddah, Feb. 22.
13	Arrow (s)	Baker	Goa, March 12.
	Hazara (s)	Mitchell	Dwarka, March 11.
	Mangerton	Clark	Calcutta, Feb. 27.
	Albula(s)	Clark	Shields, Jan. 3.
14	S. W. Kelly (s)	Robson	Mauritius, Feb. 26.
	Robert Jones	Rowland	Chittagong, Feb. 5.

DEPARTURES.

Mar.	Vessel.	Commander.	Destination.
11	Marathon	Jones	Amherst.
	Fylgia (s)	Kemp	Kurrachee.

The following vessels were entered for loading yesterday:—
Steamer Zambesi, to China.
Steamer Oorun, to Coast and Cutch.

CALCUTTA.

March. ARRIVALS.

9 Bancora (s)		London.
9 Eliora (s)	Seward	Bombay, Feb. 22.
Ethiopia (s)	Sharp	Bombay, Feb. 16.
Star of France	Hughes	London, Nov. 6.
Waterloo	Mothride	Glasgow, Nov. 8.
10 Shahzada (s)	Budd	Bombay, Feb. 23.
Bellingham (s)	Gray	Port Said, Feb. 16.
Henzada (s)	Bowyer	Bombay, Feb. 27.
Verona (s)	Ashdon	London, Jan. 30.
Sunrise	Clarke	New York, Oct. 27.

DEPARTURES.

March.—S.—Ships British Empire and Cutty Shark, Barque Ophir.
March. 9.—Steamers Colaba, Curlew and a Steamer (names undistinguishable.)
March 10.—Steamers Reliance and Maharani. Ships Balkamah, Orpheus and Persian Empire.

MADRAS.

March. ARRIVALS.

9 Kirkdale (s)		Briton Ferry.
10 Asia (s)		Rangoon.

DEPARTURES.

Pennasserim (s)		Rangoon.
Czarewitch I. G.		Rangoon.

DAILY EXPORTS.—MARCH 14.

FOR LIVERPOOL.

Dundilian—100 bales cotton. Triconjee Mooljee and Co.
Deepdale (s)—67 bales cotton, Dayal; 500 bales cotton, Lyon and Co; 50 bales cotton, A. Blascheck and Co; 50 bales cotton, Dewjee Bhanjee; 102 bales hemp, Kessi Khoosal; 100 bales hemp, Mahomed Ismail Bachamia, the P. and O. S. N. Co; 10 cwts ivory, Abdoola Russoolbhoy; 21 bales skins, Shuriffbhoy; 5 cases fishmaws, Mahomed Alibhai; 36 cwts mother-o'-p- shell, Kharchbhoy Pudmasey; 306 cwts olibanum, Currimbhoy Ebram; 75 cwts horns, Baboolbhoy Bogga; 9 cwts ivory, Piariee Khan Mohamed; 14 cwts sandalwood, Ally Mahomed Jaffer; 2 bales hides, N. Jehangir; 6 bales hides and skins, Pestonjee Eduljee; 10 bales hides, Khulfanbhoy Dama.
Adirandack (s)—6,000 cwts wheat, Lang Moir and Co; 14,000 cwts wheat, F. Scott and Co; 13 cwts chillies, 13 cwts nuxvomica, 9½ cwts jute and 3 cwts gingelly-seed, Jamestiee Brothers and Co.

FOR HAVRE.

Svend (s)—410 bales cotton, Gaddum and Co.

FOR BREMERHAVEN.

Buckingham shire—300 bales cotton, Gaddum and Co; 150 bales cotton, L. Singer and Co.

FOR UNITED KINGDOM.

Arden Connel—150 cwts rapeseed, Ritchie, Steuart and Co

FOR MARSEILLES.

India (s)—3,250 cwts gingellyseed and 4,500 cwts groundnuts, Lang, Moir and Co.
Wickham (s)—195 cwts groundnuts, Ralli Brothers.
Teheran (s)—6 bags coffee, The P. and O. S. N. Co.
Claudius (s)—450 bales cotton and 2,000 cwts wheat, Ralli Brothers.

FOR VENICE.

Teheran (s)—250 bales cotton, Gaddum and Co.

FOR TRIESTE.

Teheran (s)—200 bales cotton, Gaddum and Co.

FOR CALCUTTA.

Malda (s)—198 bale cotton, Ramjeedass Luckmidas.

FOR YOKOHAMA.

Zambesi (s)—29 bales twist, the National S. and W. Co.

FOR SUEZ.

Rohilla (s)—50—cases crackers, 75 bags pepper and 22 bundles rattans, P. and O. S. N. Co.

FOR HONGKONG.

Zambesi (s)—121 bales cotton, Goolam Hoosein Jan Mahomed; 101 bales cotton, Hajee Jan Mahomed Abdool Khaluck; 70 bales cotton, Nemchund Vussonjee; 200 bales cotton, David Sassoon and Co; 168 bales cotton, Merchund Somchund; 185 bales cotton, Ahmedbhoy Habibbhoy; 90 bales cotton, Hajee Essac Ellias; 88 bales cotton, Hajee Abdoola Noor Mahamed; 65 bales cotton, N. Jehangir and Co; 20 bales cotton, Currimbhoy Ebram; 113 bales cotton, Hajee Adam Esmail and Co; 48 cases fishmaws and sharkfins, Goola Hoosein Jan Mahomed; 184 bales twist, Currimbhoy Ebram, 50 bales twist, Aga Syed Mirza; 32 bales twist, the National S. and W. Co; 49 bales twist, Vuluddass Manchund; 51 bales twist, Hajee Adam Esmail and Co; 24 bales twist, Hajee Jan Mahamed Abdool Khaluck.

MILITARY INTELLIGENCE.

ARRIVALS.—MARCH 12.

Rowlandson, Major, 7th Bombay N. I., on leave, from Bhooj.
Macpherson, Lieut., S. C., on leave, from Sholapore,

MARCH 13.

Henrie, 2nd Lieut., K. D. Guards, on leave, from Meerut.
Stedman, Major, 24th Punjab N. I., on leave, from Mooltan.
Holmes, Surg., on leave, from Meerut.

MARCH 14.

Murphy, Lieut., 68th Regt., on leave, from Meerut.

DEPARTURES.—MARCH 12.

Garrett, Lieut., 4th Regt. H. C., from leave, to Jalna.
Hastings, Lieut., 25th Regt., on leave.

MARCH 13.

Macdonald, Lieut., R. A., from leave, to Deolalee.

THE BOMBAY VOLUNTEER RIFLE CORPS.

REGIMENTAL ORDERS

BY LIEUT.-COL. COMMANDANT W. S. HEWETT.

Bombay, March 14, 1881.

1. As the Gymkhana Sky-Races are to come off on Saturday evening, the 19th inst., the usual Commandant's parade will take place on Friday afternoon, the 18th inst., at 4-45 o'clock, at the Town Hall. Dress—Red uniform, with helmets, arms and accoutrements. Fifteen rounds of blank ammunition will be issued per man. Ball ammunition to be removed from the pouches before coming on parade.

By order, A. W. PROUDFOOT,
Lieut. and Adjt., B. V. R. C.

ORDER BY THE COMMANDER-IN-CHIEF. IN INDIA.

Adjutant General's Office, Simla, March 5.

The C.-in-C. in India is pleased to make the following appointment :—

19th N. I.—Lieut. W. S. Marshall, Wing Officer, to be Qr.-Mr., vice Capt. D. E. Gouldsbury.

Lieut. Col. W. D. Macturk, Bengal Infantry, is transferred from Umballa to Mean Meer, for general duty. To travel at the public expense under Transport Regulations, part II, para. 150, clause 6.

Intimation having been received from the War Office, that Copt. R. H. Dunning, 2-17th Foot, will be placed on the retired list from the 4th March 1881, that officer is directed to proceed to England after that date, travelling at the public expense under the last para. but one of clause 21 (a), para. 189, Transport Regulations, part I, reporting his arrival in writing to the Horse Guards.

Lieut. E. Raban, Rl. Engrs., whose tour of Indian service has expired, will proceed to England at the public expense, reporting himself on arrival to the Depy. Adjt.-Genl. Rl. Engrs, Horse Guards. To travel at the public expense under Transport Regulations, part I, article 189, clause 12, and part II, article 160, clause 13.

With reference to G. O. C. C., dated 25th Sept., 1879, page 500, Lieut. F. J. Kempster is permitted to resign his probationary appointment in the 1st Goorkhas and to revert to the 100th Foot.

The Govt. of India have sanctioned the following temporary appointments in the Qr.-Mr. Genl's. Dept :—

Lieut.-Col. G. E. L. S. Sanford, Rl. Engrs., Offg. Depy. Qr.-Mr. Genl., Genl. Branch, to be Offg. Qr.-Mr. Genl., in India, from 4th to 18th Nov., 1880, vice Major Genl. C. C. Johnson, C. B., on furlough.

Major H. R. Hanna, S. C., Asst. Qr.-Mr. Genl., to be Offg. 1st Asst. Qr.-Mr. Genl., from 30th Oct., 1880, to 2nd Jan., 1881, inclusive, vice Lieut.-Col. E. F. Chapman, R. A., on furlough.

Major M. J. King-Harman, S. C., Depy. Asst. Qr.-Mr. Genl., to be Offg. Asst. Qr.-Mr. Genl., from 30th Oct., 1880, vice Major Hanna.

Major R. McG. Stewart, R. A. Asst., Qr.-Mr. Genl., to be Offg. 1st Asst. Qr.-Mr. Genl., from 3rd Jan., 1881, vice Major Hanna, on furlough.

Major A. A. A. Kinloch, 60th Rifles, Depy. Asst. Qr.-Mr. Genl., to be Offg. Asst. Qr.-Mr. Genl., from 3rd Jan., 1881, vice Major Stewart.

Lieut. F. C. Maisey, S. C., Wing Officer and Qr.-Mr. 30th N. I. to be Offg. Depy. Asst. Qr.-Mr. Genl., from 30th Jan., 1881, vice Major Kinloch.

Lieut. Col. W. S. A. Lockhart, Bengal Infantry, to be Offg. Depy. Qr.-Mr. Genl., Intellengence Branch, from 1st Nov., 1880, vice Lieut. Col. H. A. Little, S. C., appointed Depy. Adjt. and Qr.-Mr. Genl. Southern Afghanistan Field Force.

Lieut. E. G. Barrow, S. C., Wing Officer and Adit. 7th N. I., to be Offg. Depy. Asst. Qr.-Mr. Genl. from 10th Nov. 1880, vice Major King-Harman, appointed Asst. Qr.-Mr. Genl., Southern Afghanistan Field Force.

Lieut.-Col. W. L. Dalrymple, 88th Foot, Offg. Bgde. Major Umballa, to be Offg. Depy. Asst. Qr.-Mr. Genl., Sirhind Division, in addition to his other duties, from 11th to 25th Nov., 1880, inclusive, vice Major P. Story, appointed Depy. Asst. Qr.-Mr. Genl. Southern Afghanistan Field Force.

Passed Hospital Apprentice G. R. Allan, Madras Establishment, officiated as Asst. Apothecary to a detachment of the 2-9th Foot, from the 4th to the 16th Aug., 1880.

The Govt. of India have been pleased to confirm the following orders :—

Southern Afghanistan Field Force Order, No. 52, dated the 11th Jan., 1881, appointing Major M. H. Court, Bengal S. C., to be Genl Transport Officer at Sibi, with effect from 1st Dec., 1880, vice Major F. D. Mander, proceeded on leave, on medical certificate.

The following Orders are confirmed :—

17th Bengal Cavalry—Regtl Order, dated the 5th Feb., 1881.

1. Making the following Offg. appointments, with effect from the 13th Jan., 1881 :—

Major E. G. Newnham, Squdn. Comr., on return from leave, to officiate as 2nd in Comd., vice Lieut. Col. M. H. Heathcote, on furlough.

Capt. E. W. Chalmers, Squdn. Officer, to officiate as Squdn. Comdr., vice Newnham.

2. Making the following Offg. appointments, with effect from the 22nd Jan. :—

Capt. B. H. S. Gower, on return from leave, to officiate as Squdn. Comdr., vice Major Newnham, Offg. 2nd in Comd.

4th Regt.—Regtl Order, dated the 7th Jan., 1881, appointing Lieut. R. B. Shawe, Wing Officer, to officiate as Qrmr., with effect from the 5th Jan., 1881.

19th Punjab N. I.—Regtl. Order, dated the 12th Feb., 1881, appointing Capt. J. E. Gouldsbury, Wing Officer, to officiate as Wing Comdr, vice Major J. E. Wilder, on furlough.

32nd Pioneers—Regtl. Order, dated the 24th Jan., 1881.

1. Making the following Offg. appointments with effect from the 8th July, 1880, consequent on the death of Capt. A. P. Samuells :—

Capt. T. Nicholls, Wing Officer, to officiate as 2nd in Comd., vice Major C. E. Bates, on furlough.

Lieut.-Col. Hogge, Wing Officer and Adjt., to officiate as Wing Comdr, in addition to his other duties, vice Captain Samuells, and pending the return of Lieut H. C. Halkett, from duty with the depot.

2. Making the following Offg. appointments, with effect from the 17th Aug., 1880, consequent on the return of Lieut H. C. Halkett, from duty with the depot :—

Lieut. H. C. Halkett, Wing Officer and Qr.-Mr., to officiate as Adjt., vice Hogge, Offg. as Wing Comdr.

Lieut. E. DeBrath, Offg. Wing Officer on probation, to officiate as Qr.-Mr., in addition to his other duties, vice Halkett, Offg. Adjt.

30th N. I.—Regtl. Order, dated the 17th Feb., 1881, appointing Lieut. W. H. Nameson, Wing Officer, to officiate as Adjt., vice Handcock, promoted.

On the recommendation of medical boards, the undermentioned officers are granted leave to the port of embarkation, for thirty days from date of availing themselves of it ; and thence to England, from date of embarkation, for the periods specified :—

1st Dragoon Guards.—2nd Lieut. G. Hearn, 12 months.

6th Ditto.—2nd Lieut. F. S. Garratt, 6 months.

13th Hussars.—Veterinary Surgn. F. Garratt, 6 months.

2-5th Foot.—2nd Lieut. A. A. Etheridge, 6 months.

68th Foot.—Lieut. M. Murphy, 9 months.

Adjutant General's Office, Simla, March 7.

The C.-in-C. in India is pleased to make the following appointments :—

2nd Battn. 13th Regt.—Lieut. H. T. Shubrick to be Instr. of Musketry, vice Hughes, promoted, subject to the approval of H. R. H. the Field Marshal Comg.-in-Chief. Dated 1st Dec. 1880.

14th Bl. Lancers.—Capt. J. P. C. Neville, Sqdn. Officer, to be Sqdn. Comdr., vice Morrison, deceased. Dated 16th Nov. 1880.

Major G. S. Hills, R. E., having completed the special duty in the Naga Hills districts, for which he was detailed in G. G. C. of 7th Oct. 1880, his services are replaced at the disposal of the P. W. D.

Major H. T. Jones, half pay list, who has completed his tour of service on the Brigade Staff, is directed to proceed to England.

Under instructions from the Horse Guards, the name of Capt. N. Bannatyne, 30th Foot, is to be substituted for that of Capt. F. Clowes, in the list of officers detailed for duty at the regimental depots.

Under instructions from the Horse Guards, Lieut. C. S. Bourne, 6th Foot, is directed to proceed to England to join the 1st battalion of his regiment to which he has recently been appointed.

In anticipation of the orders of H. R. H. the Field Marshal Comdg.-in-Chief, Lieut. E. L. S. Brett, R. E., Secretary to H. E. the Viceroy, is directed to proceed from Calcutta to Natal, for duty on the Staff of Sir F. Roberts, G. C. B., V. C.

It is notified for information that Sergt. A. Murdock, 81st Foot, has been appointed regimental Asst.-Instr. in Army Signalling, from 7th Dec. 1880, in the place of Sergt. R. Davies of that corps.

The following orders are confirmed with the sanction of Govt. :—

Saugar Dist. order, dated the 29th Jan., directing Col. W. H. R. Godfrey, 35th M. N. I., to assume command of the district, with effect from the 25th idem, vice Col. C. Elgee, 1-23rd Foot, who has left the district with his regiment.

By Brigadier General J. H. Henderson, Comdg. Line of Communication, Southern Afghanistan Field Force, dated the 1st Oct. 1880, directing Vety. Lieut. J. R. Rayment, 1st M. L. C., to afford veterinary aid to the animals of the Transport Dept. at Killa Abdoola, in addition to his other duties ; with effect from the 1st Sept. 1880.

The following orders are confirmed :—

Presidency Dist. order, dated the 23rd Feb., notifying that Passed Hospital Apprentice R. G. Annosette officiated as Asst. Apothy., to a detachment of time-expired men, proceeded to Bombay, with effect from the 10th Jan.

Meerut Brigade order, dated the 16th Feb., directing Col. H. Alexander, 1st Dragoon Guards, to assume command of the station of Meerut, with effect from the 18th idem, consequent on the departure of the Lieut.-Genl. commanding the division, on inspection duty.

Mecan Meer Brigade order, dated the 20th Feb., directing Col. C. E. Grogan, 2-8th Foot, to assume command of the station, during the absence of the general officer commanding the Lahore division, on inspection duty.

Jubbulpore Station order, dated the 28th Feb., directing Col. W. G. M. Strickland, 13th M. N. I., to assumed command of the station, with effect from the 1st March during the absence of the general officer commanding the Saugor district on annual inspection duty.

38th N. I.—Regtl. order, dated the 4th Feb., making the following officiating appointments, consequent upon Lieut. Col. H. L. A. Tottenham having proceeded on furlough :—

Major A. W. Graham, Wing Officer, to officiate as 2nd in Command, in addition to his other duties, vice Lieut. Col. W. R. Martin, Offg. Comdt.

Capt. T. H. Goldney, Wing Officer, to officiate as Wing Commander, in addition to his other duties, vice Lieut. Col. Tottenham.

42nd N. I.—Regtl. order, dated the 16th Dec. 1880, appointing Lieut. A. Melvin, Wing Officer, to officiate as Qr.-mr., with effect from the 2nd idem, vice Stevens, vacated on promotion to Capt.

Sappers and Miners—Corps order, dated the 11th Feb., appointing Lieut. W. F. H. Stafford, R. E., Offg. Supdt. Park and Field Train, with effect from 19th Jan., vice Capt. L. F. Brown, R. E., proceeded on furlough.

Lieut. C. Maxwell, R. E., to be Doing Duty Officer, with effect from 18th Jan., vice Lieut. W. F. H. Stafford, R. E., appointed Offg. Supdt., Park and Field Train.

METEOROLOGICAL OBSERVATIONS.

GOVERNMENT OBSERVATORY.

BOMBAY, 13TH MARCH, 1881.

Means of observations taken at 6 a.m., 10 a.m., 2 p.m., 6 p.m., and 10 p.m.

Barometer corrected 32 deg. Fah.	29·867
Temperature of the Air	82·4
Wet Bulb Thermometer	73·8
Dew Point	70·2
Relative humidity of Air	·677
Extent of cloudy sky (the whole sky clouded=8.)	0·0
Maximum temperature of air (read at 6 p.m.)..	88·2
Minimum do. do. (read at 10 a.m.)	74·7
General Direction of Wind*	NNW, N, NNW NW, NNW.
Movement of wind in 24 hours*	371.

*From midnight to midnight.

SURGEON DENTIST,
DR. C. F. KHORY
(LICENTIATE OF DENTAL SURGERY OF THE ROYAL COLLEGE OF SURGEONS OF ENGLAND, 1873.)
No. 23, RAMPART ROW,
Opposite the Floral Fountain, next to *Bombay Gazette* Office

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Agents in Bombay :
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Messrs. C. MARCKS & COMPANY,
OF
BOMBAY and POONA,

HAVE the pleasure of announcing that Mr. A. MENIST, Oculist's Optician, of Amsterdam and London, has appointed them AGENTS for the sale of his celebrated PEBBLE SPECTACLES and EYE-GLASSES, BINOCULARS, &c

Mr. MENIST makes his Frames of Gold and Silver only, which have been found to be the best metals for the purpose, his object being to obtain perfection as nearly as possible, without regard to cost. He does not use steel, for this metal rusts, and the joints become loose, altering the focus of the glasses, and so injuring the eyes ; neither is there any economy in it, for in this climate it corrodes so quickly that it must be often renewed, while Gold or Silver are practically everlasting, and Aluminium cannot be used, for it leaves an indelible mark on the skin wherever it comes in contact with it.

Mr. MENIST'S NON-PRESSURE EYE-GLASSES have a spring so made that it may be twisted in any direction without breaking, and they maintain their position when worn without any pressure or leaving any mark when removed.

His 12-lens "DUCHESSE" are all Achromatic and as powerful as Field Glasses.

His FIELD, MARINE, and OPERA GLASSES may be used for hours without causing the eyes to ache.

Mr. MENIST has left instruments with Messrs. C. MARCKS and Co. which enable them to test each eye separately, for it frequently happens that they differ more or less in power.

MESSRS. C. MARCKS and Co., for the convenience of clients who may not wish to purchase Mr. MENIST'S GLASSES, have also in stock some of their own manufacture, at lower prices, in Gold, Silver, and Steel frames, and though the quality of the pebbles is admittedly not equal to those of Mr. Menist, yet it is very good, and much superior to most of what is sold as the "finest Brazilian Pebbles."

Pamphlets may be had on application.

DOMESTIC OCCURRENCES.

THE CHARGE FOR NOTIFYING A DOMESTIC OCCURRENCE IS TWO RUPEES. THE ANNOUNCEMENT MUST BE AUTHENTICATED.

BIRTHS.

ALGAR.—March 7th, at Mooltan, the wife of A. Algar, Sub-Engineer, P. W. D., of a son.
TEASDALE.—March 7th, at Mozuffernugger, N.-W. P., the wife of T. W. Teasdale, of a son.
WALKER.—March 5th, at Mian Mir, the wife of Captain Walker, D. A. A. General for Musketry, of a daughter.

DEATH.

DAVIES.—March 8th, at Lahore, George James Gwynne, son of Mr. and Mrs. G. Davies.

The Bombay Gazette

TUESDAY, MARCH 15, 1881.

THE Czar has at last been delivered, in the most frightful manner, from the living death to which his relentless enemies have for years bound him. Driving in the streets of St. Petersburg on Sunday, the unfortunate Monarch had just time to recognise in the futile explosion of one bomb that another attempt had been made on his life in vain, when a second bomb exploded, which reached its mark. The imagination recoils from the attempt to conjure up the feelings of the doomed Czar. We pity the meanest labourer who is blown to pieces by the explosion he could neither foresee nor forearm himself against. But the man who lies dead in St. Petersburg has been for years cursed with the foreknowledge of a danger against which he could, and did, wield the resources of an Empire. His lot has been, indeed, a terrible one : so terrible that may we not almost hope the end came as a relief. Human nature, when brought face to face with the realities of life and death, is wiser than might be guessed from some of its caprices ; and it may well be that the flash which told the Emperor of his doom had hardly died away before the victim found refuge in the thought that if it were so, he had at least reached a haven where he might rest in peace. His body lay last night surrounded by all the ceremonial and marks of respect with which royalty loves to disguise its powerlessness before the common lot. But it lay for the first time, for many a weary month, secure.

In presence of an event so tragic, it is difficult to resist the impulse to keep silence. But the death of Alexander the Second, if it had taken place in the ordinary manner, could not have failed to be a political event of the first importance. And its importance is assuredly not minimised by the fact that an unreconciled and irreconcileable faction has struck him down by a foul blow in the streets of his capital. Had the Czarwitch succeeded his father, as Alexander succeeded Nicholas, the state of matters in Europe is such that universal anxiety would have been awakened as to what Russia under new guidance might be expected to do. The murder of Alexander will add to all such anxieties another which presses to the front—the question, namely, whether the Czarwitch will be permitted to succeed his father as the Czar of all the Russias ; or whether the Russia we have known and the Romanoff dynasty are not about to disappear together in a convulsion which shall shake the East of Europe as the French Revolution shook the West. We attach no exaggerated importance to the Nihilist conspiracy. We believe that the foolish persons who compose it are as powerless to pull down a social and political system as they certainly would be if they were called upon to raise one, and that if the Russian Government had nothing but Nihilism and Socialism to deal with, it might last till the crack of doom. The old order may be everywhere preparing to give way to the new ; but we should be sorry to think that the hope of the world lay in a party that proposes to do away with adultery by destroying marriage, and to put an end to theft by abolishing property. No, the Russian Government, if it had anything to stand upon, might defy the puny efforts of a faction which—as every murderer can do—is able to deal a foul blow like this, but which could never hope to break down the most rotten system that had any foundation at all. But has the Russian Government anything to stand upon ? We believe not. And we expect to see, when the first moment of human sympathy has passed away, in the apathy that will succeed, in the entire absence of that warm indignation which men feel when the object of an attack such as that to which Alexander has fallen a victim represents in the faintest degree the sacred associations of country and religion, proof that shall at once proclaim the weakness and herald the downfall of the Czardom. It was so when the attempt at the Winter Palace sent a thrill through Europe which found no echo in Russia itself. It will be so again. The Czardom has collapsed. It has failed to find food for a starving peasantry whom it has attempted to rule with personal freedom in its left hand and political slavery in its right : it has alienated what nobility there is in Russia by its persistent refusal to part with a jot of its despotic power : and the middle classes are as discontented as those above them and those below them. It can count neither on its army nor its police : and now that a moment has come when it must exhibit some strength, be it ever so little, if it is to pass from father to son, no one will be surprised if it tumbles down like a house of cards. Despotic absolutism is an anachronism in Europe : it will soon be a memory.

That the transition from the old to the new in Russia may be a bloodless and peaceful one must be the wish of every one. But the sanguine only will be able to turn that wish into a hope. It is true that there are not wanting circumstances of good augury. The Czarwitch—liberal, as heir-apparents generally are—is commonly reported, and we believe with truth, to have strongly disapproved of the reactionary policy which has marked the close of Alexander's reign ; and the estrangement which has latterly grown up between them is said to be due to the persistence with which he urged his father to let go part of his power if he wished to retain any of it, and the annoyance caused Alexander by the request. The liberalism of an heir-apparent, it may be said, as we have hinted, as a rule barely survives the day of his succession. But there is this difference between the Czarwitch's position and that, say, of our own Prince Regent, that the former has no Tory party to fall back upon if he breaks with the advisers of his youth. There is no Russian statesman of the first rank—nay, what is more significant, there is hardly an officer in the Russian army—who is not convinced, equally with the Nihilists and Socialists, that it has become absolutely necessary that the power of the State should be transferred to some extent into the hands of the people. That the attempt will be made in one way or the other we have little doubt : but it would be foolish to underrate the difficulties in the way of a reforming Czar. His task is the hopeless one of pouring new wine into old bottles. A régime which has lasted for centuries will hardly give way to its opposite without a convulsion of nature. And the children born of Absolutism are Anarchy and Revolution.

If we turn to foreign politics the death of the Emperor can hardly fail to prove of moment. The relations between Germany and Russia will not be improved by it. These relations have it is notorious, been strained of late, as the result mainly of the policy which Prince Bismarck has adopted in the Eastern question : and for the last few months nothing but the warm friendship subsisting between Alexander and the Emperor William has prevented the appearance of cordiality. That the fair inheritance of Turkey, if it is to be divided, should yield Russia a seaboard on her southern coast is most certainly, and most naturally, let us admit, a national aspiration in Russia ; and the ostentatious support which Prince Bismarck, for reasons of his own—perhaps connected as much with a possible break-up of Austria as of Turkey—has lent to the Austrian pretensions to get between Russia and the sea have given deep offence in Russia. Sooner than that Austria should be permitted to aggrandize herself, as she is suspected of desiring to do, at what the Russians have learned to believe would be their expense, they may be expected to rally to Mr. Gladstone's "Hands off!" and to acquiesce in the formation of a belt of independent States. But the gravest danger to European peace is, perhaps, to be apprehended from the relations which may be expected to arise between the Government of the new Czar and the French Republic, or the apprehensions entertained by the Germans of those relations. If there be a forward party in France—and who doubts that there is ?—we may depend upon it that the news of the change of Monarchs in Russia has sent a flash of expectation through every man of them. And Russia may be trusted not to neglect a feeling which supplies such an obvious counterweight to Prussian sympathy for Austria. It is the misfortune of Germany that in 1870, from an honest desire to secure herself, she decided on a frontier which in 1881 she still has to guard with the strong hand. Since the annexation of Alsace and Lorraine she has been disquieted by fears of a war of revenge of which time alone will show the reason or unreason. The death of Alexander is for her at least the removal of one pledge of peace.

England is fortunate so far that she can indulge in respectful pity for the fate of Alexander without feverish anticipations of good, or gloomy forebodings of evil to herself in the event. The blow that struck down the Czar of Russia made an orphan of an English Princess ; and there will be a deep feeling of sympathy with the Duchess of Edinburgh in her bereavement. In other respects the sad event has drawn closer the links between the two Royal Houses. If we pass from the Royal Houses to the two peoples the reflection is, we hope, not an unnatural one that the contemplation of the troubles lying in such profusion in Russia's path may well lead Englishmen to feel for her more, and to fear her less, than they sometimes do.

WE believe we were the first to announce that the Bombay Postmaster-Generalship had, contrary to usage, been bestowed on a Bengal Civilian. So it has seemed good to the gods ! But, seeing that the Bengal officer now appointed is junior to several Bombay officers who applied for the appointment, we hardly think that the Supreme Government can itself profess to consider that it has treated the local Civil Service fairly. When the Supreme Government set aside the claims of local officers and slighted the Bombay Government, we were entitled to expect that they would send us at least a C. I. E., or a "white Brahmin" of a very high order, to rule over the Post Office. Instead, they have sent us an excellent young man, it is true, but a gentleman who has yet his name to make, and who is many years junior to some distinguished Bombay officers who applied for the vacant appointment, and who certainly had a preferential claim. We hope that Lord Ripon has not fallen into the hands of the Simla clique and been drawn within the charmed circle of the Bengal Mutual Adulation Society.

THE form in which an official communication that appears in another column reached us yesterday seems to indicate that the Government of India, if they have not absolutely abolished him, have at least shelved the Press Commissioner. The communication in question was accompanied by a printed circular, after the following form :—"Forwarded to the Editor of the *Bombay Gazette*, with the compliments of the Foreign Secretary." If this is an intimation of the way in which official communiques are to be made to the press in future,—heads of departments forwarding them direct, instead of their passing through the hands of the Press Commissioner,—we don't suppose either thepress or the public will object, provided that care is taken to make the distribution general as well as prompt, and to avoid favouritism. But there is great reason to believe that the Press Commissionership has been abolished by an intrigue worked by an interested cabal. We shall soon be able to see how the new system works.

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THE ASSASSINATION OF THE CZAR OF RUSSIA.

THAT the diabolical attempts made by the Russian Nihilists to destroy the Czar have at last proved successful will cause a universal feeling of horror throughout the civilised world. The pertinacity with which these attempts have been made caused the Czar to live in perpetual terror. On the 17th February of last year the Nihilists blew up a portion of the Winter Palace at St. Petersburg. Rumours of a project to blow up the Palace had been current ever since the failure of the Moscow attempt on the 14th April, 1879. The most rigid precautions were taken : the palace had been surrounded by a cordon of soldiers ; two soldiers, it is stated, slept every night at the foot of the Czar's bed ; the underground portions of the building had been minutely inspected from time to time ; and yet the Emperor narrowly escaped being blown up by dynamite in his own dining-room. The strangest part of this affair was that it was only by a mere accident that the Czar escaped. Dinner was ordered for 6 o'clock, and the explosion took place at 20 minutes past 6. There had been some delay owing to Prince Alexander of Hesse, who had just arrived at St. Petersburg, being a little behind time ; and when the explosion occurred the Imperial party was just about to enter the dining-room. Had they been a few minutes earlier the whole party (which included the Czarwitch and his wife, the Duchess of Edinburgh, Prince Alexander of Hesse, and the Prince of Bulgaria) must have perished. It was thought at the time that there must have been treachery within the palace. It is even reported that the Czar had for weeks past been warned daily, by a sealed letter written on black-edged paper, which had been placed each morning on his dressing-table, that he would not see the 25th anniversary of his accession to the throne if he did not abolish the system of oppression which was galling the Russian people. Household servants and guards were suddenly changed, and police agents substituted, and various other plans adopted ; but all in vain—the mysterious letter continued to appear regularly every morning. Since the Moscow outrage the Czar had been subject to terror and vexation. He frequently spoke of human ingratitude, recalled his abolition of serfdom, his having repaired the ruin of the Crimean war, his having stopped his victorious soldiers at the gates of Constantinople, his having long given the press unprecedented liberty and allowed provincial privile

TELEGRAMS.

[REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.]

(By Red Sea Cable.)

ASSASSINATION OF THE EMPEROR OF RUSSIA.

ST. PETERSBURG, MARCH 13.

Whilst driving through the street to-day, a bomb exploded under the Czar's carriage.

The Emperor is dead.

Later particulars state that two bombs exploded, the first being harmless, and the second shattering the legs of the Czar, who died two hours after receiving his injuries. The assassin was arrested. Several people were killed and wounded by the explosion.

THE EFFECT ON THE POPULACE.

The assassination of the Czar has had no disquieting influence amongst the people, and the Czarwitch has been received with acclamation throughout the city.

The accomplices of the assassin, who had been arrested, succeeded in making their escape.

THE AFGHAN HONOURS.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

ALLAHABAD, MARCH 14.

A special telegram from London to the *Pioneer* gives the following as a list of Afghan honours:—Companions of the Bath, Brigadier General Nation, Colonel Gordon, Colonel Richard Barter, commanding 15th Native Infantry; Colonel Boisragon, 30th Punjab Native Infantry, Colonel Lyster, V. C., commanding 3rd Goorkhas; Colonel Norman, commanding 24th Punjab Native Infantry; Colonel Wemyss, commanding 31st Punjab Native Infantry; Colonel Hudson, commanding 28th Punjab Native Infantry; Colonel Heathcote, commanding 17th Bengal Cavalry; Colonel Boswell, commanding 2nd Sikh Infantry; Colonel Money, commanding 3rd Sikh Infantry; Colonel Collett, 23rd Pioneers; Colonel FitzHugh, commanding 5th Goorkhas; Colonel Battye, commanding 2nd Goorkhas; Major A. R. Badcock, Commissariat Department; Colonel Maclean, commanding 1st Punjab Cavalry; Colonel Tucker, commanding 41st Native Infantry; Lieutenant-Colonel W. Lockhart, Quarter-master-General's Department; Lieutenant-Colonel Cunliffe Martin, Central India Horse; Colonel Lowe, commanding 13th Bengal Lancers; Deputy Surgeon-General Annesley DeRenzy; Surgeon General S. C. Townsend; Deputy Surgeon-General S. B. Hassard; Brigade Surgeon J. A. Hanbury; Colonel Heathcote, commanding 19th Bombay Native Infantry; Colonel Tanner, commanding 2nd Beluchis; Colonel Edwarde, commanding 2nd Bombay Native Infantry; Colonel Gibb, 25th Madras Native Infantry; Colonel Dawson, commanding 1st Madras Native Infantry; Lieutenant-Colonel A. C. Johnson, R. A.; Lieutenant-Colonel B. L. Gordon, R. A.; Lieutenant-Colonel G. Manderson, R. A.; Lieutenant-Colonel E. F. Chapman, R. A.; Lieutenant-Colonel W. Hichens, R. E.; Lieutenant-Colonel J. Hills, R. E.; Lieutenant-Colonel R. Limond, R. E.; Lieutenant-Colonel Parker, 92nd Highlanders; Lieutenant-Colonel Fryer, 6th Dragoon Guards; Lieutenant-Colonel Knowles, 67th Foot; Lieutenant-Colonel Tanner, 8th Foot; Lieutenant-Colonel Daunt, 9th Foot; Major White, 92nd Highlanders; and Major Hastings, Political Officer in the Khyber.

THE UMBALLA POLO TOURNAMENT.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

UMBALLA, MARCH 14.

The final match of the polo tournament was played this day. The 10th Hussars beat the Rifle Brigade by two goals to one, and won the cup.

THE AMEER'S FAMILY.

(FROM THE PRESS COMMISSIONER.)

CALCUTTA, MARCH 14.

The whole of the Ameer's family, who were left behind by him on his departure from Tashkend, have now joined him in Kabul.

[REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.]

(By Red Sea Cable.)

VOTE OF SUPPLY IN THE HOUSE OF COMMONS.

LONDON, MARCH 13.

In the House of Commons last night, the Government demanded urgency in bringing before the House the question of Supply.

Sir Stafford Northcote expressed his opinion that the matter required further consideration.

LONDON, MARCH 14.

Sir Stafford Northcote has issued a manifesto respecting the proposed urgency in bringing forward the vote of Supply, in which he states that such proposal is subversive of the rights and liberties of the House of Commons. He further says that the proposed vote towards the Afghan War expenses is of a wholly novel and most important character. Without requiring into its merits, he would unhesitatingly say that the matter requires the most careful examination, which, in his opinion, would raise large questions as to the policy of the act.

STEAMER MOVEMENT.

ADEN, MARCH 14.

THE Italian mail-steamer Singapore left Aden for Bombay on Saturday morning, the 12th inst.

THE MAILS.

LONDON, MARCH 12.

The Bombay mails of the 24th ultimo arrived at Brindisi to-day.

LONDON, MARCH 12.

The Liverpool Cotton market closed heavy. Surats unchanged.

Fair Dhollera		4⅞
4 per cent. Rupee Paper		84
4½ do.		91
3 do.	Consols for account	99⅞
5 do.	French Rente, 1872	121
Bar Silver		52⅛
Arrival—Cyenus.		

STEAMER REPORT.

COLOMBO, MARCH 14, 12-25, P.M.

H. M. S. Euphrates left for Port Natal on the 13th at 9 p.m.

THE latest statement of accounts relating to the trade and navigation of British India shows that in January last the total imports amounted to Rs. 5,77,15,051 as compared to Rs. 5,18,23,770 in January, 1880, and Rs. 4,39,49,666 in the corresponding month of 1879. For the ten months 1st April to 31st January last the imports aggregated Rs. 51,66,64,499 as against Rs. 43,49,74,781 for the similar period 1879-80, and Rs. 37,20,05,599 for 1878-79. The exports during January last reached Rs. 7,47,30,430 as compared to Rs. 7,27,96,224 in January, 1880, and Rs. 6,21,26,450 in the corresponding month of 1879. During the ten months of 1880-81 the exports were Rs. 59,52,27,875 against Rs. 53,41,62,305 in the corresponding period of 1879-80 and Rs. 50,88,99,623 in 1878-79.

Al-Jawaib states that a large portion of the money which was lately subscribed by Indian Mahomedans in support of the Zubaidah Canal Repairs Fund, and was on its way to Mecca, has been looted by the Bedouins of Arabia, to the amount of several lakhs. The same paper says that the Khedive of Egypt has suppressed several Egyptian papers for their attack, on some of the recent measures of the Ottoman Government—an indication, the paper says, that a feeling of cordiality exists between the two Mahomedan Governments.

THE North-West Provinces official crop and weather report for the week ended the 9th inst. states:—Slight rain has fallen in most districts, and heavy rain in the Rohilkhund and Meerut Divisions. Hail reported in Kumaun, Agra, Aligarh, and Saharanpur, causing damage, however, only in the two last-named districts. Prospects of unirrigated rabi slightly improved, and of irrigated rabi good. Harvest operations in full force in eastern half of the provinces. Prices stationary. Cholera and cases in parts of Allahabad, and slight fever and small-pox in Sitapur; otherwise health good. Cattle-disease continues in Kumaun, and has slightly increased at Lucknow.

A MEETING of shareholders of the Imperial Silver-Lead Mining Company was held yesterday at their office in Apollo-street. Our reporter attended, but was refused admittance.

A NOVEL suit for dissolution of marriage has been filed in the Bombay High Court by Dr. Damodhur Purshotum Warlikar, a surgeon in Her Majesty's Indian Army, attached to the 28th Madras Native Infantry, at Secunderabad. The petitioner was in 1864 married to the respondent, Satyabhamabai, now about 20 years of age, at Bombay, according to the rites of the Hindu religion; and they lived together as husband and wife until 1874. In September, 1878, the petitioner changed his religion for Christianity and became a member of the Church of England. In consequence of the change of religion, the respondent deserted him, and had not since lived with him. He prays, by his suit, that the court would order her to live with him, or declare his marriage with her to be dissolved.

THE satisfaction with which the affairs of our local School of Art are regarded in the annual report and speeches made at the meeting last week is not shared in by the *Bombay Samachar*, which considers that the results have been very slender indeed. The institution has been in existence for a number of years now, and year after year it reports that it turns out hundreds of boys who have been studying there; but works of art in Bombay are so rare that the writer is at a loss to know what all these boys do. Even the simple art of wood-cutting is not practised to any appreciable extent. The *Samachar* would like the authorities to adopt some system which may lead to the more general adoption of artist-work in Bombay.

THE new Factory Act occasions a cry of distress among the vernacular journals. They regard it as a step most injurious to the growth of industry in India, to comply with the illegitimate craving of Manchester to encumber Indian cotton manufacture. If, some of them argue, the Viceroy and his Council did not pass the Bill to appease the greed of Manchester, they have committed themselves to the Act in sheer ignorance of the needs and conditions of labour in India.

THE B. I. S. N. s. s. Himalaya, when anchoring in the Madras harbour the other day, lost an anchor and 75 fathoms of chain-cable. Upon information being received Eastland, the sub-marine diver, went off, and having found the end of the cable, succeeded in attaching a stout rope, which being passed through the steamer's hawse pipe enabled the crew to heave the end of the cable on board again.

WHEN Sir Steuart Bayley passed through Dinapore on March 3, on his way to Hyderabad, he was received on the Dinapore railway platform by a large gathering of his Behar friends.

DURING his inspectional tour Mr. Hogg, the Director-General of the Post Office, intends to visit Rangoon and Madras, whence he proceeds to Bombay, and thence direct to Simla, which he is expected to reach by the 4th April.

THE Lahore paper hears that Lieutenant-Colonel E. F. Chapman, R. A., at present on furlough in England, has resigned his appointment on the staff of the Quartermaster-General in India. Colonel Chapman's friends say that he has decided to resume regimental work at home, and that he is not likely to return to India for some time, not even to the staff of Sir Donald Stewart.

RECENT rain has done immense good to the crops in the Punjab, and has raised the hopes of the cultivators. As there had been no rain at the time of sowing, the prospects of the ensuing harvest were not satisfactory, and prices were consequently rising. One of the immediate results of the rain has been that wheat, which was sold at 14 seers the rupee prior to the downpour, may now be had at 15½ seers for the same amount. The cultivators believe that they have had as much rain as will be required to produce sufficient grain and fodder for the entire year, without the assistance of canal water for the remaining part of the season.

THE following is an extract from a private letter from Poona, March 13:—"Some excitement was occasioned at St. Paul's Church this morning by the preacher (not the usual chaplain) walking into a certain officer of the Rifle Brigade, because he has entered into competition with the clergy in the matter of preaching publicly. I have had the pleasure of hearing him, and I am not surprised that his earnestness and great ability have earned for him much popularity and esteem. The said officer was present at St. Paul's, but I am told that he had never been at a service there before; and it appears as though the affair had been planned. His preaching and religious work in this station were likened by the Jesuits partook to the services of a guerilla chief as compared to regular armies; and other stronger and irate stuff was directed at the self-denying services of the "guerilla" officer. Whatever the merits of the contention, it was an unseemly exhibition on the part of the surpliced gentleman who enjoys the great privilege (according to Bishop Mylne) of "the grace of holy orders."

THE *Madras Mail*, in wishing "God-speed" to Sir R. Meade, remarks:—We do not pretend to pass any critiicism at present on the work Sir Richard Meade has done at Hyderabad. It has not escaped detraction; but it has, we understand, commanded the approval of the Government of India. Lord Northbrook thought no one in the political service equal to Sir Richard Meade after his labours at Baroda, and it has been the Colonel's good fortune to be smiled on by other Viceroys, as he doubtless will be by Secretaries of State, when the time comes for him to take his seat in the Indian Council at home. With our good wishes for the advent of that auspicious hour, we wish him farewell.

THE following official memo. of the latest Kabul intelligence has been sent to us for publication:—The Shaik Ali tribe have been coerced by the Ameer, and the Kohistanis are being conciliated. Mazulla Khan and other Ghilzais of Hirrarak are still intriguing against the Ameer, who is, however, supported by Asmatullah Khan. The Kabul road continues safe. Mazullah Khan has been trying to open up communication with the Commissioner of Peshawur. The Ameer is said to have sent levies to settle Badakshan, and to have appointed Abdulla Khan Governor. The Ameer is said to be conciliating the Kazilbashes of Kabul. Revenue is refused by the country in the direction of Ghazni. The Ameer's Envoy, General Ameer Ahmed Khan, passed through Peshawur on the 18th to Calcutta. The Governor of Jellalabad, aided by the Khan of Lalpura, has had a successful expedition against the Tangukhel Shinwaris of Peshbolak, who will probably in future control the Mirjankhel and keep the road safe. Disturbances in Nawagai (Bajour), and Akbar Khan of Lalpura appears to have a strongish party against him, his brother combining with Moghal Khan of Goshta; but he will probably hold his own, and does not seem much affected by it.

THE *Civil and Military Gazette* notes:—In his account of his journey through Asiatic Turkey, Mr. Grattan Geary gives abundant evidence of the indifference with which the people of the towns regard the central authority at Constantinople. The last news from the Euphrates-Tigris valley and Syria shows that the indifference is rapidly changing into rebellion. In all the larger towns placards are posted up inviting the population to expel the Sultan's officials. At first suppose that some Greek emissaries were at the bottom of the mischief, but even the Stamboul Pashas are believed to have abandoned that explanation, and recognised the real rock ahead. Mutiny is on foot in every corner of the Sultan's dominions.

THE following remarkable judgment is said to have been expressed the other day by the Calcutta Roman Catholic paper:—

"We must confess we do not quite catch the whole of M. Scherer's criticism; but that does not much matter. Our own free and unbiassed opinion of Mr. Carlyle, whose works we have never read, is that he was a much over-rated man. Russkin, whose works we have likewise never read, is by far his superior."

So, the *Statesman* remarks, it seems *one* way to keep one's opinion of a writer of books "free and unbiassed" is—never to read his books. But surely there must be occult influences at work to enable one to estimate the comparative magnitude of literary stars without looking at them. What would our contemporary think of us if we to were inform our readers that, though we have never read the *Indo-European Correspondence*, we regard it as anything but an admirable journal?

IN the early part of last month the Lahore paper published a paragraph stating that a daring robbery had been committed in the treasury office of the Nassan Tea Company, in the Kangra Valley, when a large amount of property was stolen. The same paper now learns that the iron safe, which was likely removed at the time, has since been discovered. Property valued at Rs. 11,000 has been recovered, and fourteen of the thieves have been apprehended. They confess to having been concerned in eighteen robberies during the last few years. The inefficiency of the police in the Kangra Valley has long been notorious, and it is proved by the fact that the man who was engaged by the police to help to discover the thieves turns out to be himself the leader of the gang.

HAVING succeeded so well, in its own opinion, in the matter of the Indian import duties on cotton piece-goods, the *Indian Daily News* states, Manchester has now turned its attention to salt. If it succeed in salt it will find something else about which to air a cheap humanity, in order to secure what it imagines to be a safe pecuniary benefit to itself. On February 9 the Manchester Chamber of Commerce passed the following resolution:—

That in the interests alike of the trade of this district and of the people of India themselves, this Chamber is of opinion that the salt-tax, *as pressing heavily on the poorer classes of India*, should have the prompt attention of the Government, with a view to its repeal at the earliest possible moment.

The sentence italicised, "as pressing heavily on the poorer classes of India," the Calcutta paper interprets, "as interfering with the consumption of salt exported from the port of Liverpool." It is a pity, our contemporary thinks, the Government of India cannot make it known that it will not take heed of such resolutions,—that, in fact, it considers such resolutions beyond the scope or province of an English local Chamber of Commerce.

SIR DONALD STEWART and Colonel Chesney went afloat from Calcutta on Thursday afternoon in the I. G. S. Sir William Peel to satisfy themselves as to the efficiency of the torpedo experiments and practice, as at present organised by Captain A. Featherstonhaugh, R. E. A large party of ladies and gentlemen embarked on board the Sir William Peel at 4 p.m. Amongst the latter were Sir Frederick Haines, the Hon'ble Mr. Colvin, Colonel Staunton, Captain Garforth, R. N., Major Hewett, Captain Searle, and Captain Street, R. N. They proceeded down the river to Monacholy Point, off which was moored a condemned vessel. The torpedo being in position, it was shortly afterwards exploded. The work of demolition was most successfully accomplished, the river being covered with small fragments of wreckage. The party returned to Calcutta shortly after seven o'clock.

THE Punjab Government has nominated the following gentlemen members of a committee to consider the questions in connection with the issue in the Punjab of improved English and vernacular text-books of instruction, for use in the Government schools in that province:—Lieutenant-Colonel W. R. M. Holroyd, Director of Public Instruction; Mr. Justice H. M. Plowden; Mr. J. G. Cordery, Commissioner of Mooltan; Mr. G. R. Elsmie, Commissioner of Lahore; Dr. G. W. Leitner, Registrar, Punjab University; Mr. F. C. Channing, Secretary to the Financial Commissioner, Punjab; Rev. C. W. Forman; Mr. F. T. Cunningham, Under-Secretary to the Punjab Government. The Senate of the Punjab University will be asked to nominate an equal number of gentlemen to sit on the committee. We should have liked to have seen the names of some of the leading natives of the province on this committee.

Apropos of the death of the Czar, the following para., in anticipation of such an event, from the *Pall Mall Gazette* of June last year, is of interest:—Whether the accession of the Czarwitch would be a pledge of peace in Europe is a question that only events can answer. He has no friendly feeling for Prince Bismarck or the German policy; he would naturally, therefore, be the last person to seek Eastern complications, which would leave Prussia free in the West. Unlike his father, he is pledged to no Prusso-Russian family compact, and his leanings are towards France. The question of the moment for us is how far any given event would affect that concert of the Powers on which the English Government has staked so much. On the whole, the best hope of maintaining this concert—such as it is, and whatever it may be worth—lies in the maintenance of the *statua quo* in international relations. Any disturbance in this delicate fabric, whether by the abdication of the Czar or otherwise, is a disturbance that will spread, and be pretty sure to bring the whole structure to the ground.

A HONGKONG paper learns from a very trustworthy source in the North that the indemnity to Russia is 9,000,000 taels; that the whole of Kuldja is to be restored to China; that the frontier of Kashgaria is to be rectified in favour of China; that Mongolia is to be opened to Russia, but not Petuné. The conditions are otherwise more or less the same as in the Livadia treaty.

A CURIOUS case was decided by Vice-Chancellor Malins the other day. Mr. James Beaumont Winstanley, High Sheriff of Leicestershire, in the year 1862 drowned himself in the river Moselle, near Coblentz. The heirs to Mr. Winstanley's property recently disposed of it under the Settled Estates Act, and it was bought by a Building Society, whius objected to pay the purchase-money on the curioch ground that Mr. Winstanley had recently been seen in the flesh, and that therefore they could not, as they expected, resell the land in lots for building purposes. The rumours of Mr. Winstanley's reappearance were of the vaguest character, and were probably instances of an ancient superstition of which the story of "Zalmoxis" is one of the oldest, and Nero, Arthur, and Frederick Barbarossa the most familiar examples. The Vice-Chancellor decided without hesitation that Mr. Winstanley was dead, and seemed to think that even if he was alive he could no longer claim his own property, the Prescription Act having taken effect. The purchasers were ordered to pay the money, to which the costs of the application were added "to make their title more certain."

BOMBAY VOLUNTEER RIFLE ASSOCIATION.

THE first half of the programme was completed yesterday, with the following results:—

MATCH A.

Distances—200, 600, and 800 yards. Number of shots at each distance—Seven. Position—Regulation. Entrance fee—One Rupee. Ammunition—*free.*

1st prize, a cup, value Rs. 150 (presented by Mr. J. P. Watson), Cpl. Hall, B. Coy, 60.
2nd Prize, Rs. 50, Lieut. Whitehead, D. Coy, 59.
3rd ,, Rs. 40, Vol. J. Fido, B. Coy, 56.
4th ,, Rs. 30, ,, J. Brumley, B. Coy, 53.
5th ,, Rs. 20 ,, Sgt. C. Fido, D. Coy, 53.
6th ,, Rs. 10 ,, Capt. Noble, B. Coy, 25.

MATCH A.

Name.	200 yds.	600 yds.	800 yds.	Total.
Sgt. Hall	23	21	14	60
Lieut. Mayhew	20	12	15	47
Sgt. Jefferies	23	8	15	46
Vol. Sweeting	13	22	10	45
,, Settle	15	8	19	42
Captain Wyer	16	9	15	40
Sgt. Morgan	20	4	14	38
Vol. Craig	18	13	4	37
Vol. C. Sander	14	11	11	36
Vol. Rempster	20	12	4	36
Cpl. Young	18	7	10	35
Vol. Warne	18	7	8	33
Lieut. Moorehouse	13	14	2	29
Vol. N. Collins	14	6	8	28
,, Barrett	13	8	5	26

MATCH B.

Distances—200 and 600 yards. Number of shots at each distance—Seven. Position—Regulation. Entrance fee—One Rupee. Ammunition—*free.*

(Prizes presented by Qr. Mr. Sgt. Sandy.)

1. A Rifle, value Rs. 100, Capt. Noble, B. Coy, 45.
2. A Wine-stand ,, 75, Vol. Major, D. Coy, 45.
3. Field-glass ,, 50, Sgt. Morris, D. Coy, 44.

Names.	200 yds.	600 yds.	Total.
Vol. Warner	20	19	39
Sgt. Morgan	20	12	37
C. Sgt. McCrae	19	14	33
,, Jefferies	20	12	32
Vol. Craig	17	14	31
Cpl. Young	22	5	27
L. Cpl. N. Collins	17	7	24

Open to all comers, instructors of the corps excepted. Distances—200, 600, and 800 yards. Number of shots at each distance—Seven. Position—Any. Rifle-Snider or Martini: Martini gives Snider 7 points. Entrance fee—One Rupee.

1. Cup, value Rs. 60, Corpl. Eyres, D. Coy, 67.
2. Cup, value ,, 30, Sgt. Murray, H. Coy, 66.
3. ,, 20, Sgt. Morris, D. Coy, 62.
4. ,, 15, Capt. Noble, B. Coy, 62.
5. ,, 10, Lieut. Peaker, H. Coy, 61.

ALL-COMERS' MATCH.

Name.	200 yds.	600 yds.	800 yds.	Total.
Cpl. Eyres	26	19	22	67
Sgt. Murray	27	22	17	66
Sgt.-Mr. Flannagen	24	23	13	60
Vol. Crow	22	15	23	60
Capt. Wyer	21	21	16	58
Sgt. Fido	23	20	14	57
Vol. Warne	23	18	12	53
Vol. Almon	24	13	17	54
,, Brumley	22	15	17	54
Vol. J. Fido	21	21	9	51
Cpl. Cummings	20	17	14	51
,, C. Nashe	23	13	11	47
Cpl. McCloughin	22	20	5	47
,, Cpl. C. Nashe	21	10	13	44
Sgt. Morgan	17	9	19	35
Vol. Tighe	11	0	0	11

MATCH 1.

Distances—200, 600, and 800 yards. Number of shots at each distance—Seven. Position—Any. Entrance fee—One Rupee. Ammunition—*free.*

1. Cup, valued Rs. 100 (present by H. E. the Governor), Sgt. Burns, H. Coy, 68.
2. Rs. 50, L. Cpl. Cumming, B. Coy, 68.
3. ,, 30, Cl. Sgt. Melvin, E. Coy, 68.
4. ,, 15, Sgt. Watkins, 66.
5. ,, 10, Sgt. Hall, 66.

	200 yds.	600 yds.	800 yds.	Total.
Sg Murrry	24	20	24	68
L. Cpl. Cummings	27	20	21	68
Cr. Sg. Meborn	26	23	19	68
Sgt. Brebner	26	22	16	64
Cpl. Eyres	24	17	19	64
Lt. Peaker	25	20	19	64
Cpl. Kess	25	19	19	63
Vol. Almon	26	16	19	61
Vol. J. Sharp	24	16	18	58
Sgt. Jefferies	24	20	12	56
Vol. Maher	21	13	19	53
Sgt. Hohnan	22	20	10	52
Vol. Boyter	25	11	15	51
Vol. Warne	23	15	11	51
Vol. Wainer	23	15	7	45
Col. Sg. McCrae	20	9	15	44
Cpl. C. Nashe	19	18	4	41
Vol. Craig	21	15	15	41
Vol. Sweeting	15	16	8	39
Sgt. Morgan	18	12	8	38
Vol. Brumley	21	12	3	36
Lieut. Mayhew	18	13	Retired	31
Vol. Tighe	12	10	0	22
Lc. Corpl. Johnston	15	6	Retired	21

TO-DAY'S PROGRAMME.

THE following matches are open to-day, Wednesday, and Thursday:—

(For members of Bombay Companies only.)

MATCH C.

Distances—300, 500, and 700 yards. Position—Regulation. Number of shots at each distance—Seven. Entrance fee—One Rupee. Ammunition—*free.*

N. B.—Each C. O.'s parade attended from 5th February to the inspection (both inclusive) will count two points in this match for the first prize only.

1st prize, a cup, value Rs. 300 (presented by Sir R. Sandeman, K.C.S.I.); 2nd prize, a revolver, Rs. 150 (presented by Vol. S. Hodges); 3rd prize, Rs. 6; 4th prize, Rs. 40; 5th prize, Rs. 30; 6th prize, Rs. 20; 7th prize, Rs. 15.

MATCH D.

Distances—300, 500, and 700 yards. Position—Regulation. Number of shots at each distance—Seven. Entrance fee—One Rupee. Ammunition—*free.*

1st prize, a cup, value Rs. 150; 2nd prize, a cup, Rs. 75 (presented by Major Fraser Hore); 3rd prize, value Rs. 30; 4th prize, Rs. 20; 5th prize, Rs. 15; 6th prize, Rs. 10; 7th prize, Rs. 5.

(For all members of the Association.)

MATCH 2.

Distances—300, 500, and 700 yards. Position—any. Number of shots at each distance—Seven. Entrance fee—One Rupee. Ammunition—*free.*

1st prize, a cup, value Rs. 180 (presented by Messrs. Treacher & Co.); 2nd prize, value Rs. 50; 3rd prize, Rs. 30; 4th prize, Rs. 20; 5th prize, Rs. 15; 6th prize, Rs. 10; 7th prize, Rs. 5.

MATCH 3.

Distance—300, 500, and 700 yards. Number of shots at each distance—Seven. Position—Any. Entrance fee—One Rupee. Ammunition—*free.*

1st prize, a cup, value Rs. 150 (presented by Messrs. Hamilton and Co.); 2nd prize, Rs. 50; 3rd prize, Rs. 30; 4th prize, Rs. 20; 5th prize, Rs. 10.

MATCH 4.

Open to Second Class Shots only (*i. e.*, those who made under 100 points in their class-firing this season). Distances 300 and 500 yards. Number of shots at each distance—Seven. Position—Regulation. Entrance fee—One Rupee. Ammunition—*free.*

1st prize, a dressing-bag, value Rs. 85 (presented by Messrs. Thrupe and Co.); 2nd prize, Rs. 25; 3rd prize, Rs. 15; 4th prize, Rs. 10; 5th prize, Rs. 5.

PUBLIC DINNERS.—On Tuesday last the officers of the E. I. R. Volunteers gave a dinner to the officers of the Allahabad Volunteers in the Railway Theatre. Major Price Corbett presided, and a large and fashionable company assembled to partake of Volunteer hospitality. The Theatre was tastefully decorated for the occasion and the Volunteer band was in attendance. The dinner to Captain Bultin, which was given at the Allahabad Club on Thursday, was a pronounced success. Mr. Justice Straight occupied the chair, and proposed the health of the popular guest in a spirited, humourous speech. The band of the 35th N. I. was present and went through an excellent programme.—*Indian Herald.*

PESHAWAR.

(FROM OUR SPECIAL CORRESPONDENT.)

ON the 18th of March our last garrison among the Khyber hills begin to evacuate their posts, and very soon the little fort of Jumrood, full in sight of Peshawar, on the plain near the black mouth of the Khyber, will once more mark the furthest limit here of the British scarlet line. The following account of the frontier capital as it is at present may therefore prove interesting to not a few readers. Our correspondent writes:—

Proceeding from Rawulpindi to Peshawar, the traveller is carried by the Punjab Northern State Railway to Haji Shah, about three miles from Attock. The most of this line is temporary, the main line requiring heavy works. From Haji Shah the journey is completed by dák gharry. The fort of Attock overlooks the bridge of boats over the Indus, and, about twenty miles further on, the road passes through the cantonment of Nowshera. Peshawar lies about the same distance beyond Nowshera, altogether one hundred miles from Pindi and two hundred and seventy from Lahore, from which, by sharp work, the journey can now be accomplished in about thirty or thirty-one hours. Beyond the Indus the road is a good deal cut up, and in some places steep and difficult; but the stages are very short, and there is not much discomfort, unless it happen to be a wet night.

North of Attock, Nowshera, and Peshawar, the Indus and the tributaries which here join it wander through a broad flat valley, but at Attock the whole volume of water is concentrated in a narrow rocky channel, formed by the approach of rough hill ranges on each side. Were this gorge closed, the Peshawar valley would become a great lake, not unlike Loch Lomond in shape, broad at the south end and running into a long mountain glen at the north end, with islands scattered over it here and there, formed by the small isolated hills and undulations, which are now conspicuous in the valley. Of these islands Peshawar would be one well advanced from the western side.

Peshawar stands on an alluvial ridge of moderate elevation between the Kabul and Bara rivers. It is true that the Kabul river on the north is a good many miles off, but the Bootni, a loop of that river, comes close to cantonments and again sweeps out to join the Kabul. The Bara river comes from the hills toward the Kohat side. Coming from the south-west, it runs north-east below Peshawar, but a branch of it runs through the city, and between the fort and city, and is useful for drainage purposes. It is from the Bara at a point about thirteen miles off that the head-works of the Peshawar water-supply have been constructed. These I shall refer to afterwards more fully. Coming from the east, the native town is first seen on the left hand; passingit, we find ourselves below the fort; and having passed that on either hand, as may be most convenient, we go on to the extensive cantonments, which stretch out to the west of the fort and city. Were we to make our way to the extreme end or western side of cantonments, we should find ourselves overlooking wide flat plains, only terminated about sixteen miles off by the abrupt rise of the inhospitable Khyber hills, which rise tier above tier till lost in cloud and snow. Just where the hills begin, direct west, what seems a low white wall, with a high structure in the centre, attracts attention. That is Jumrood fort and serai. To the left of it can faintly be made out some buildings about Mackeson's Bridge, and behind that a dark opening with steep sides; that is the mouth of the Khyber. Beyond is a low hill range, and behind that another much higher. Down between these, unseen, but only a short ride from Jumrood, is the famous Ali Musjid. As I write, a gun booms close at hand—it is for service, an impressive reminder of the peace and tranquillity in which we live, but it suggests to me the equally impressive thought that in that dark glen over there, so close at hand, we found it necessary only two years ago to use these guns of ours against the fortifications and disciplined army of an ally of Russia.

There are three coigns of vantage which a stranger may select to obtain a good view of the surrounding country. One is the church tower, which is said to afford the finest prospect; another is the high fort battery; and a third is the roof of a building in the city, called the Ghor Khuttree. I have visited the two latter. The fort, which is of mud, is a rough square in outline; it has no ditch. It consists of a high raised central square, with bastions for cannon and mortars at the corners. This square is surrounded by a lower terrace, with bastions to correspond to those above at the corners and along the curtain. The lower terrace is unarmed, and only a few cannon and some mortars and howitzers turned towards the city, on the upper batteries. No point of the city is over a mile from the fort. The inner square contains some buildings, a laboratory, and a most confused quantity of war material. It was a slushy wet day, however, when I visited it, and perhaps I misjudged it as to tidiness. Water is derived from an immense covered well. The walls are every where extensively loop-holed for rifle fire, and are of immense thickness.

Looking over the fort wall, I see on the north and west sides a long high earthen embankment gradually rising, with hundreds of coolies running to and fro, depositing their basketfuls, like a host of busy ants. That is the new railway embankment. It comes in nearly parallel with the trunk-road, and runs under the fort wall on the north side, where there will be a station for the city. It then runs west of the fort all along the east side of cantonments, that is, in a general line between these and the city. It is to terminate at the far end of the lines, where there will be the cantonment terminus.

Leaving the fort, it is not very far to the Ghor Khuttree, in the centre of the city. This is a great square, with low buildings round the walls, and higher ones over the gateway and at the corners and the centre of the sides. That high one opposite is occupied by Sirdar Wali Mahomed Khan, who is in a chronic state of grumbling at his hard fortune. He was allotted Rs. 1,000 to support him, but indignantly refused it. He is now starving on Rs. 2,000, or Rs. 25,000 a year, and says the whole thing is a swindle; he ought to have Kurrum. In that other corner, with its open verandahs secured by blue shamianahs, dwells Malik Tora, the Prince of Bokhara. He gets Rs. 1,175 a month, and thinks himself an ill-used man. There are dozens of others. In short, every scoundrel who finds his own country getting too hot for him has only to visit India to find peace and plenty and new fields for rascality. Were I Governor-General for one day, I should abolish with a stroke of the pen every single pension to foreigners and border tribes, and with half the money thus saved would strengthen our frontier forces so that all Asia dared not disturb us. But this is a decided digression. I may note regarding the interior of the Ghor Khuttree, that one corner is occupied by the American Mission. The local authorities are anxious to get them out of it, so that the enclosure may be at their disposal for public purposes, but Jonathan holds on, "like death to a nigger."

Looking round at the city below, the roofs present a curious sight. The houses are built of wooden frame-work filled in with single brick. How they hold together is a perfect miracle. The frames being weak and ill made, they bulge out or stagger in in every direction. The top storeys overhang, and, in fact, lean over the under flats, while down below all thin pillars support a front weight that seems impossible. There is an old picture in *Punch* of an indignant householder explaining to the builder that he only leant his shoulder against the wall, and the whole structure fell. He replies, "Yessir, that must 'ave been it, sir; it was not meant to be leant against, sir!" These Peshawar houses are of this description decidedly. Knowing that Peshawar is subject to earthquakes, it seem strange that the houses should be built in this ricketty fashion. But I have been told that it is the result of experience, and that when an earthquake occurs they "give," but don't fall. (It may be noted that the houses in Srinagar, in Kashmir, are built exactly in the same fashion, and that earthquakes are there of frequent occurrence.) Each roof has a slight parapet or fence, filled in with reed-grass, to ensure privacy. Fires often happen, and one here did great damage lately. There are few good houses, though some are very large in extent; nor are there any buildings in or around the city of historical note or antiquarian interest. The city lanes are narrow and crooked, but not very dirty, and the principal streets are broad and straight. Everywhere there are serais for the extensive border traffic that finds Peshawar its emporium. But of this traffic I must speak in another letter.

"HONOUR TO WHOM HONOUR IS DUE."

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE."

SIR,—I notice an extract in your contemporary's issue of the 3rd current, from the *Deccan Herald*, intimating that Mr. W. Corkery has successfully passed for the Indian Medical Service, and that he was educated in the Bishop's High School, Poona, under Mr. Macnee. May I take the liberty of asking the writer of that para. from what institution Mr. Corkery passed his Entrance University Examination? Was it not the Scottish Schools, Byculla, conducted by Mr. James McDonald, in whose establishment Mr. Corkery was a boarder for a considerable time? Surely, then, I think, Mr. McDonald is entitled to some of the praise; but I notice Mr. McDonald's name is not even mentioned. No doubt Mr. Macnee will, in due courtesy to Mr. McDonald, rectify this error; I cannot help thinking of my school-days, when I was being assisted over my Latin exercises by Mr. McDonald. "Sic vos, non vobis" was a part I could not understand then. I understand it now.

Rawul Pindi, March 9. FELIX.

NIHILIST PLOTS IN ENGLAND.

IN view of the murder of the Emperor Alexander the following paragraph from the *Daily News* of the 8th January possesses a sinister interest. It is quite possible that men who sought to engage the services of the clockmaker Hutchinson were concerned in the destruction of the Emperor on Sunday last:—

A working clockmaker named Hutchinson, resident in Birmingham, has communicated with the Russian Embassy in London with respect to an alleged plot to construct infernal machines in this country for Nihilist purposes. He states that in April, 1879, he was in London on business, and in a restaurant in Cheapside he met with two strangers, with whom he entered into conversation. One of the men was a Russian, and the other a German. The same evening, in the course of some more conversation, Hutchinson happened to state that he was a Birmingham clockmaker, and showed the men some of his patterns. The men then asked him if he could make all sorts of clockwork and work to designs, and on

RETURN OF THE DUKE OF BUCKINGHAM TO STOWE.

SOME six years since His Grace the Duke of Buckingham and Chandos was appointed to the Governorship of the Presidency of Madras, and on the occasion of his departure from Stowe House a demonstration took place, and many were the expressions and wishes for the safe voyage of His Grace and his daughters, the Lady Mary, Ann, and Caroline Grenville, and a successful career in the great undertaking he had accepted. Having been replaced by Sir W. P. Adam, His Grace returned to England a few days since, and soon after made known his intention of returning to take up his residence at Stowe House, on Thursday. In anticipation of the return, the tenantry of his Grace, and the inhabitants of Buckingham, determined upon holding a demonstration to welcome them back, and meetings were held and committees appointed for the purpose of carrying out the necessary arrangements. Subscriptions quickly flowed in, and a demonstration of a grand character was decided on. His Grace and the ladies left Euston on Thursday morning by the eleven o'clock express, and at Bletchley a special train was engaged to take the party to Bluckingham. The train, under the care of Superintendent Eddy, of Euston, arrived at the station, which was nicely decorated with flags, evergreens, &c., and over the entrance door of which were the words "Welcome Home." About one o'clock, his Grace was met at the station by the Mayor (J. W. Thorpe, Esq.), the Vicar (the Rev. F. G. Kiddle), Captain Fitzgerald, the members of the Town Council, a number of townsmen, tenantry, and others, and heartily welcomed back to Stowe. The weather throughout the day was very stormy, and at the time of the arrival of the train a thunderstorm passed over Buckingham. A carriage, drawn by four horses, with postillions in blue jackets, was drawn up to the station door to receive his Grace and the ladies, and as they entered hearty cheers were given from the large crowd of spectators who had assembled. A procession of considerable length was then formed, and proceeded to the town, a profusion of bunting being displayed along the road. The procession was formed as follows:—The Band of the Royal Bucks, Yeomanry, and about 200 troopers under the command of Captain Small, Captain Seagram, Captain Calvert, and Captain Pratt (Colonel Hibbert and Major Morgan were unable to attend through indisposition); the Bucks. Volunteers, under the command of Capt. Hearn and Lieut. Hubbard; the tenantry; townsmen; Borough and County Magistrates; the Mayor and Corporation; the Duke's carriage, with an escort of Yeomanry on each side; Volunteers; the boys of St. John's Latin School, accompanied by the Rev. T. Cockram; members of the Bucks. Friendly Society, carrying their banner; members of the Gawcutt Friendly Society; the Town Band; and members of the Mutual Loan Society. At the Town Hall a handsome pavilion had been erected by Mr. J. French, on the front of which were the Duke's arms, and the motto, *Templa Quam Dilecta*. There was also a profusion of flags and festoons, and a shield bearing the Duke's quarterings. Preparations were also made for the whole to be lit up with gas. A handsome arch had been erected at the angle of the Town Hall to Mr. Kirby's house, and a second arch at the Bucks. and Oxon, Bank Corners. On these were displayed the Borough Coat of Arms, the Duke's Crest, and Monograms of his Grace and the Ladies Grenville, "Welcome to Buckingham," "God Speed," and the words, "By forethought and prompt action starving millions were fed." Mr. Gough had also nicely decorated his house, the White Hart Hotel, and Mr. Belcher the Swan and Castle. When the carriage was drawn under the pavilion it was opened, and loud cheers were then given, and the bells of the church also rang out their welcome. The Mayor, in the absence of the Recorder through indisposition, then presented the following address:—"We, the Mayor, Recorder, Aldermen, and Councillors of the Borough of Buckingham, beg to offer to your Grace our respectful and cordial congratulations on your safe return to England. When, five years since, Her Majesty, now Empress of India, was graciously pleased to appoint your Grace Governor of the Presidency of Madras, we ventured, in a farewell address which we then had the honour of presenting, to assure you of the profound interest we should take in your Grace's administration of affairs in India. We have carefully watched your rule in that country, and it is matter of pride and satisfaction to us to have witnessed the great success which has attended your Grace's career. Especially would we notice your successful efforts in coping with the disastrous famine, which for a long period was the cause of great anxiety, and demanded extensive relief; in the equally successful organisation of public works, not the least important of which was the opening up of inland navigation and the consequent development of traffic; in the suppression of the serious rising of rebels; and in inspiring the native population of all ranks with confidence and esteem in English rule and government. We also refer with pride to the noble reception given by your Grace to the future Sovereign of India, his Royal Highness the Prince of Wales, on his visiting the Presidency shortly after your arrival at Madras. In our address to you in 1875 we ventured to express our great regret at your Grace's departure from our neighbourhood (although it was only for a time). Permit us now to express our thankfulness that your Grace and the Ladies Grenville have been preserved from the perils of shipwreck, and other dangers which threatened you, and to offer our sincere congratulations and heartfelt welcome on your happy return to your ancestral home at Stowe. In conclusion, we would venture to hope that the attachment which has always existed between your Grace's family and this borough will from this auspicious day be strengthened and increased. Given under the corporate seal of the Mayor, Aldermen and Burgesses of the Borough of Buckingham, this 24th day of February, 1881."—The Duke, on rising in his carriage to acknowledge the receipt of the address, was loudly cheered. He wore the Cross of India on his left breast. He said.—Mr. Mayor, Aldermen, Burgesses, and Citizens of Buckingham, and old friends and neighbours,—I thank you most deeply for the kind and spontaneous welcome you have given me upon my return. When I went away, five years looked like a long period to be absent, but it now seems to have passed like a mere dream, when on my return, I see so many of my old friends and neighbours in the old accustomed town of Buckingham. (Cheers.) Though nearly half a century I have recollection of many kindnesses received at the hand of friends, neighbours, and the people of Buckingham, and this gathering and the mode in which I and my daughters have been received upon our return today shows me that absence for so long a period as five years has not severed the interests and the tie that has so long existed between us. (Cheers.) During five years' service to the Crown and her Majesty I have gathered wider experience. I have been through times of distress with the people, and have seen other things, which I trust will render me more useful at home, and more able, during the remainder of my life, to bring wider experience to bear upon the decision of those questions which affect the welfare of us all—(cheers)—and will, therefore, give me greater ability to promote your welfare. (Loud cheering.) I thank you from the bottom of my heart, in the name of myself and daughters, for your kind welcome and for this kind gathering to meet me on my return home. May God bless you all. (Loud and prolonged cheers.)—After engaging in a short conversation with Major Levi and other gentlemen, Mr. Gough entered the carriage, and the procession being reformed the party started off for Stowe House. The Lodges, the entrance to the Avenue, were nicely decorated by Mr. J. K. Tibbetts. Over the centre arch were the words "Welcome home from Madras," a well-executed Star of India, and the motto "Heaven's Light, our Guide." The Duke's arms and quarterings and the monograms of the Ladies Grenville were also displayed. Numerous banners and bannerettes were gaily flying. When the procession reached this spot the Mayor and Corporition bade farewell to the Duke, and the whole of the party, with the exception of the Yeomanry, returned to the town. Proceeding through the splendid drive to Stowe House, the grand Corinthian arch is passed, and that was also prettily decked out. The sentence, "Thank God for this happy return to Stowe," in gold letters, on green silk, with gold fringe, was placed in the centre, and the Duke's flag, the Union Jack, the flag of Scotland, and various other flags, formed in the shape of the Prince of Wales' feathers, were displayed on the top. At the entrance to the Home Avenue a very pretty arch had been erected by Mr. Haskins, the gardener, on the front were the words "Long Life and Happiness," in gold letters, on a white scroll, with red ground, and bordered with evergreens and monograms; shields, flags, evergreens, and banners were nicely set out. A semi-circle of festoons of evergreens was also formed, which gave the whole a very light and pretty effect. The north front of the grand old mansion was also beautifully decorated by Mr. Savage. Over the main portico was a most magnificent design of the Duke's coat of arms, with the motto, *Templa Quam Dilecta*, and a profusion of flags and various devices. The words, "Home, sweet Home," in gold letters on a green ground, and shields carrying the Prince of Wales' feathers, and the Irish, Scotch, and Welsh emblems, were placed in prominent position. At the entrance to the Avenue the horses were removed from the carriage, and it was then drawn to the house by several men engaged on the estate. On arriving in front of the house the school children, under the care of Mr. Barnes, sang very prettily "Home, sweet Home," and three widows presented each of the ladies with a bouquet. The Rev. J. Warren, vicar of Stowe, then, on behalf of the tenantry, welcomed his Grace to Stowe, and presented him with the following address:—"We your Grace's undersigned Tenants and Neighbours rejoice in being able, by Divine blessing, to tender to you and the Ladies Grenville our sincere congratulations on your safe return from India. Your Grace will miss some faces from amongst us; and it is but a just tribute to the memory of those who have passed away in your absence to assure you that their earnest hope was that they might have been spared to join in that welcome which, with all our hearts, we offer you to-day. It was with feelings of the deepest regret that we regarded your departure from England, though, at the same time, we esteemed the principle which we believe prompted you to accept the appointment that you have lately vacated, namely—a desire to devote your services to your country's use in a more active manner. How valuable those services have proved in your Governorship of Madras the general voice of our country testifies. We ask Your Grace's permission to refer especially to one period therein—to that time of extreme personal trial and anxiety to your family, and of dire calamity and peril to the whole province, racked through and through as it was by the terrible pangs of famine. With feelings of deep admiration, sympathy, and gratitude we watched your self-denying efforts and endeavours to relieve and assist our suffering fellow-creatures, and we can but believe that your foresight, judgment, powers of organisation, and ceaseless exertion at that trying time will cause your name to be linked by a strong tie of gratitude and honour with the history of that portion of her Majesty's Indian Empire. We take this opportunity of expressing our grateful thanks for the practical manner in which you have, though absent, shown your thoughtful interest and generous sympathy with all connected with you at home in a time of great difficulty and depression. You have now returned, by the mercy of God, to enjoy, we hope, in our very midst, a long term of well-earned rest, and that God may still bless you and your family, so affectionately regarded by us, with long life, health, and every other happiness, is the united prayer of"—[Here follow upwards of 160 names.]—The Duke then rose in his cariage to reply, and was loudly cheered. He expressed the pleasure he felt at again returning to Stowe, and seeing so many old and familiar faces. He thanked them for the address and the hearty welcome accorded him and his daughters, whom, he said, he was glad to have been able to bring back safe, and wished those present every happiness. Hearty cheers were then given for the party as they alighted from the carriage and entered the house. At a later hour there was a grand display of fireworks in front of the house, the arrangements for which had been entrusted to Mr. James Pain, of London, and were successfully carried out by his manager, Mr. G. Myers. A large concourse of persons assembled to witness the display. In the evening the Corporation dined at the White Hart Hotel, the Yeomanry at the Town Hall, and the Volunteers at the Swan and Castle Hotel. Several illuminations were lit up at night, and the town was very gay.—*Northampton Herald*, Feb. 12.

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MEHRJEE, JOHNSTON & Co.
Bombay, 15th March, 1881.

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By order of Jahangeer Bazonjee, Esq., the mortgagee, and on account and at the risk of Orah Hussoojee Salloojee, Lookmanjee Hussoojee and Vazeerbai, the mortgagors, which sale was to take place on WEDNESDAY, the 15th December last, and was adjourned at the request of the said mortgagees.

BAPOOJEE HORMUSJEE will sell by Public Auction on THURSDAY, the 17th instant, at 4 o'clock p. m., on the premises, all that piece of land or ground, permanent ground with surrounding walls built thereon, situate on the western side of Baba Dhubboo Street, in the sub-district of Bhoolesh war, registered in the books of Collector of Land Revenue under No. 2763, and assessed by the Municipality under No. 27, containing by admeasurement 116 6-9 square yards or thereabouts, and bounded on the east by sweepers' passage, on the west by Baba Dhubboo Street, on the north and south by passages.

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BAPOOJEE HORMUSJEE.
Bombay, 15th March, 1881.

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Catalogues will be published and the property on view 4 days before the sale.

On SATURDAY, the 19th instant, at 1 p. m., Messrs. BENNETT and Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction, at the P. and O. Co.'s Dockyard, Mazagon, the valuable and handsome F. P. blackwood and teakwood household furniture, best plated ware, rich crockery and glassware, a mahogany grand square piano by Broadwood and Sons, first-rate pictures and oleographs, rich table ornaments, &c., &c., the property of W. Cooper, Esq.

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Messrs. BENNETT and Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction on TUESDAY, 29th instant, at 1 p. m., at Wynta Road, Byculla, the valuable household furniture, plateware, crockery, and glassware, piano, &c., the property of R. P. Brunton, Esq. Also the same day at 6-30 p.m., a collection of plants in excellent growth, consisting of palms, crotons, dracenas, ferns, &c., &c.

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Tweed Hats, all shapes	4-8 and 5 12
Straw Boating Hats	30 to 4 0

TRESS' GOLD MEDAL QUALITY. DRESS HATS. THE BEST HAT MADE.

Fine Drab Felt ... 12 8 | Best Silk Dress ... 14 0

The above are finished with Drab Calf-leathers.

CASH DISCOUNT—TWO ANNAS IN THE RUPEE.

Our illustrated Price-list on application.

HOAR AND CO., HATTERS, 3, RAMPART ROW, BOMBAY.

NOTICES.

ESTATE OF SURGEON-MAJOR R. McMULLEN, A. M. D. (Deceased.)

ALL PERSONS being indebted to, or having CLAIMS against, the above Estate, are requested to communicate with the undersigned within one month from this date, after which interval no claim will be taken notice of.

W. H. AUCHINLECK, Captain, R. A.
President Committee of Adjustment.
Colaba Barracks, Bombay, 9th March, 1881.

SCOTT & Co., M.R.C.V.S.,
VETERINARY SURGEONS.

HORSE EXAMINATION CERTIFICATES, Rs. 10; Examination and Verbal Opinion, Rs. 5; Horses standing at livery on Commission sale, Rs. 35 per month, including horse-keeper. Commission on Horses bought and sold Rs. 17. Up-country commissions towards buying and selling of horses will meet our best attention. Horses broken to single and double harness, in the yard, (single Rs. 15, double Rs. 30.) The Horse Shoeing Forge is under the management of a thoroughly practical English Farrier, and every class of shoeing done.

TO CONTRACTORS.

TENDERS will be received till noon on the 22nd March, 1881, for the SUPPLY of, and REPAIRS to, Barrack Furniture for the year 1881-82.

The conditions and forms of Contract, Musters, and Patterns of Barrack Furniture and Schedule of Rates on which Tenders are to be based, can be seen, and forms of tenders obtained by personal application, at the Executive Engineer, Bombay Defences Office at Mazagon, during office hours.

The undersigned does not bind himself to accept the lowest or any tender.

Tenders should accompany a deposit of Rupees 200 to be forfeited in case of refusal to sign the contract.

W. W. ROBINSON, Lieut., R. E.
Acting Executive Engineer, Bombay Defences.

COOK'S
INTERNATIONAL TRAVELLING TICKETS,
Available for one or more passengers to travel by all chief Lines of Steamers and by any Railway and route to
ALL PARTS OF THE GLOBE.
MESSRS. THOMAS COOK AND SON, OF LONDON, NEW YORK, &c., &c.,
Originators of the European Tourist business, established in 1841, have pleasure in announcing to the travelling public that they have OPENED OFFICES in Bombay.
Civil and Military Officers and Native Gentlemen are invited to apply for quotations of through-fares to all parts of the world, with or without Hotel coupons, to
THOMAS COOK AND SON,
TOURIST OFFICES, 5, HORNBY ROW, FORT, BOMBAY.

PEPPER'S QUININE and IRON TONIC contains an unvarying amount of quinine iron. It possesses all the powers of these valuable tonics in banishing diseases and symptoms traceable to weakness, a low state of the nervous system, enfeebled condition of the body, and derangement of the general health.

PEPPER'S QUININE and IRON TONIC strengthens the nervous and muscular system, improves digestion, animates the spirits, recruits the health. For debilitated health from the effect of hot climates this tonic is invaluable.

PEPPER'S QUININE and IRON TONIC rouses and developes the nervous energies, enriches the blood, promotes appetite, dispels languor and depression, fortifies the digestive organs. *Is* a specific remedy for neuralgia, ague, indigestion, fevers of every kind, chest affections and in Wasting disease, scrofulous tendencies, &c. The whole frame is greatly invigorated by Pepper's Tonic, the faculties are brightened, the assimilation greatly strengthened, and a return to robust health certain. Bottles, 32 doses, 4s. 6d.; next size, 11s. Sold by Chemists everywhere. The name of J. Pepper, Bedford Laboratory, London, must be on the label. There is no Tonic so certain in effect as Pepper's Quinine and Iron. It is strongly recommended to residents in India and the Colonies, and should always be kept ready for use in every case of fever or febrile condition.

TARAXACUM and PODOPHYLLIN—Prepared only by J. Pepper, London. This Fluid combination, extracted from medicinal roots, is now used instead of blue pill and calomel for the cure of dyspepsia, biliousness, and all symptoms of congestion of the liver, which are generally pain beneath the shoulders, headache, drowsiness, no appetite, furred tongue, disagreeable taste in the morning, giddiness, disturbance of the stomach, and feeling of general depression. It sets the sluggish liver in motion, very slightly acts on the bowels, giving a sense of health and comfort within 24 hours. It is the safest medicine. Taraxacum and Podophyllin is a fluid, made only by J. PEPPER, Bedford Laboratory, London, whose name is on every label. Bottles, 2s. 9d. and 4s. 6d. Sold by all Chemists. A most valuable and essential medicine for India Australia, the Cape, and Colonies generally.

LOCKYER'S SULPHUR HAIR-RESTORER will darken grey hair, and in a few days completely bring back the natural colour. The effect is superior to that produced by an instantaneous dye, and does not injure the skin. Large bottles, 1s. 6d.—Lockyer's is equal to the most expensive hair-restorer.

LOCKYER'S SULPHUR HAIR-RESTORER is the best for restoring grey hair to its former colour. It produces a perfectly natural shade, and is absolutely harmless. Recommended for destroying scurf and encouraging growth of new hair.

LOCKYER'S SULPHUR HAIR-RESTORER.—Sulphur being highly prized for its stimulant, cleansing, healthful action on the hair glands, LOCKYER'S RESTORER is strongly recommended. It is most agreeable in use, and never fails in its action on the colour glands, always restoring and maintaining that which has been lost. No other hair dressing is requisite. Large Bottles, 1s. 6d. Sold by Chemists, Hair-dressers, and Perfumers in London, the country, and throughout the world. Lockyer's is equal to any of the high-priced preparations.

LIVER COMPLAINTS.
DR. KING'S DANDELION and QUININE LIVER PILLS (without Mercury.)
THE BEST REMEDY FOR BILIOUSNESS, STOMACH DERANGEMENT, FLATULENCE, PAINS BETWEEN THE SHOULDERS, BAD APPETITE, INDIGESTION, ACIDITY, HEAD-ACHE, HEARTBURN, and all other symptoms of disordered Liver and Dyspepsia. Acknowledged by many eminent surgeons to be the safest and mildest pills for every constitution.
In Boxes a 1s3d., 2s. 9d., and 4s. 6d.
Sold by Chemists and Medicine Vendors throughout the world, Prepared by Jas. Rorke, London.
Specially valuable Pills for residents abroad and traveller.

PATENT WROUGHT NAILS.
J. J. CORDES & Co.,
The Patentees and Sole Manufacturers of the well-known Patent Wrought Nails, commonly known as
"EWBANK'S NAILS,"
Desire to make it known that a "STAR" or "CROSS" is their Trade Mark, and that all Nails made and sent out by them, except clasp, bear this mark upon their heads, and that within every Package sent from their works is also placed a card bearing their Name and Address.
Any Nails, therefore, which are not distinguished as above, must not be confounded with
"EWBANK'S NAILS,"
the quality of which is so well appreciated as being far superior to that of any other make.
DOS WORKS, NEWPORT, MONMOUTHSHIRE, ENGLAND.

PERRY DAVIS' VEGETABLE PAINKILLER.
Perry Davis & Son, Manufacturers and Proprietors, Providence, Rhode Island, U. S. A.
UNSURPASSED AS A FAMILY MEDICINE AFTER FORTY YEARS' TRIAL.
IT is a purely and carefully prepared VEGETABLE COMPOUND
And a complete mitigator of Pain,
A capital antidote for SCORPION STINGS and SNAKE BITES,
AS an application for BRUISES, BURNS NEURALGIA and RHEUMATISM.
Has no equal
AS A REMEDY FOR DIARRHŒA, DYSENTERY, CHOLERA,
Or any sort of Bowel Complaint it stands alone for efficiency and rapidity of action.
Full Directions accompany each bottle.
Retained by chemists all over the world.
Beware of Imitations exposed for sale in the Indian Bazars.
GENERAL AGENT AT BOMBAY—
ESUFALLY HIPTOOLA,
Pir Market near Jumma Musjid.

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CARNAC IRON WORKS,
PRINCE'S DOCK, BOMBAY.
ESTABLISHED 1861.
WE are prepared to undertake the CONSTRUCTION and ERRECTION of ENGINES, BOILERS, BRIDGES, ROOFS and any description of IRON WORK under our immediate personal supervision.
We have a large stock of patterns for ornamental castings, pillars, railings, &c., on stock, of which castings can be made at shortest notice.
We have in stock among others the following:—
Chatwin's stock and dies in boxes.
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